The Centre Reporter.

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INSECTS COST U. S. $700,000,000.

Losses Exceed Entire Expenditure of the National Government.

The Department of Agriculture estimates that the annual loss on farm products in the United States occasioned by destructive insects aggregates $700,000,000. C. R. Marlatt, assistant entomologist, in charge of experimental field work, has prepared a report shortly to be published, in which he sets out at great length facts to back up the assertion that such an enormous loss is sustained every year.

In no other country in the world, he says, do insects impose a heavier tax on farm products. The losses, it is averred, resulting from the depredations of insects on all the plant products of the soil, both in their growing and stored state, exceed the entire expenditure of the national government, including the pension roll and the maintenance of the army and navy.

The department summarizes the losses on account of the depredations of insects as follows: Cereals, $200,000,000: hay and forage, $53,000,000; cotton, $50,000,000; tobacco, $5,300,000; truck crops, $53,000,000; sugars, $5,000,000; fruits, $37,000,000; farm forests, $11,000,000; miscellaneous crops, $5,800,000; animal products, $175,000,000; natural forests and forest products, $100,000,000; products in storage, $100,000,000.

RURAL DELIVERY ROUTES.

There Were Thirty Thousand in Operation On April First.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Degraw has made a table showing the number of rural free delivery routes in operation in the United States, the number of petitions pending for the establishment of new routes and the number of petitions for new routes adversely reported upon on April 1st. The same figures have been compiled for every Congressional district in each state. The total number of rural free delivery routes in operation in the United States on April 1st was 29,996, an increase of 5,430 since June 30, 1904. The number of rural free delivery routes in operation in Pennsylvania on April 1st was 1,679, an increase of 247 since June 30, 1904. The total number of petitions pending for the establishment of new routes on April 1st was 155, and the number of petitions for the establishment of the adversely reported during the year up to that date were 454. Since the inauguration of the rural free delivery service there have been 2,228 petitions filed with the postoffice department for the establishment of the service in Pennsylvania.

Harmonious arrangements are in progress between the Governments of the United States and Italy for encouraging Italian immigrants to settle in agricultural portions of the South, where negro labor is becoming scarce. The mild climate, fertile soil and comparatively cheap lands in some of the Southern States present great inducements to industrious Italian settlers. An absurd objection to the movement is made on the alleged tendency of the Latin races to miscegenation. The pretended evidence of this is found in the history of the Spanish and French conquests. But unlike the English settlers and later the Germans, the Spanish conquerors and the French pioneers did not bring their families with them. The Italians who come to stay are accompanied by their families, to whom their attachment is strong, and they are as little given to miscegenation as other races.

Governor Douglas having refused to be a candidate for re-election to the Governorship this year, the Democrats of Massachusetts are some of them considering the propriety of nominating General Miles. It is always an uphill fight to carry Massachusetts away from its steadfast Republican moorings, but success is not unattainable. General Miles has a genius for difficult campaigning. He might pull through. Massachusetts has had several soldier Governors who have well acquitted themselves and she would have a certain State pride in vindicating one of her sons who has not always been able to secure his just deserts at the hands of the Federal Administration.

The selection of Charles J. Bonaparte for Secretary of the Navy does not suit the Maryland Republicans. They assert that Mr. Bonaparte is a Democrat. The Maryland Democrats find pleasure in the displeasure of Republican leaders, but no other source of joy. Mr. Bonaparte has always been a kicking Democrat who would not work in the Gorman traces. He has ability. There is no question of his integrity. He will contribute a brave and bizarre element to the Roosevelt Cabinet.

Too much kicking is apt to injure the toe.

OF INTEREST TO PATRONS.

Relation of Subordinate Granges to the County Grange.

The following paper was read by Miss Florence Rhone before the Progress Grange, at a recent session:

Worthy Master, the subject assigned me is, "What should be the relation of the subordinate granges to the county grange?"

To intelligently present this matter I must first refer you to the articles of incorporation as to the purposes of the Order.

The National Grange of the Order of the Patrons of Husbandry was incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Kentucky March 14, 1876, but it was instituted in Washington, D. C., in 1868.

Section 2 of the articles of incorporation states that the object of the corporation hereby created is the promotion of agriculture and other kindred pursuits by inducing cooperation among farmers and those alike interested for their mutual benefit and improvement, and to this end to act as the controlling body of the Order known as the Patrons of Husbandry in the U. S., for the purposes aforesaid.

Under this charter were organized four divisions by the Order:

1st, The National Grange, which is the supreme head of the Order.

2nd, State Granges, which sub-divides the Order into as many divisions as there are states in the union, having for their object state control.

3rd, Pomona or County Granges, which according to the constitution of the National Grange, shall have charge of the educational and business interests of the Order and shall encourage, strengthen and aid subordinate Granges under their respective jurisdiction and shall have power to confer the 5th degree, that of Pomona.

4th, Subordinate or local Granges are the organizations through which individual membership is acquired.

Under the constitution of the National Grange, which is our basic form of government, the members of a local grange have the right and privilege to become members of the County Grange, under the rules and regulations of the County Granges.

For members to be admitted to membership in the County Grange they must present their application with a fee of one dollar for men and 50 cents for women, to the County Grange, and be balloted for the same as in a local grange.

Membership in a Pomona Grange is perpetual, or during life, on condition that the annual dues of 40 cents a member are annually paid.

It is the duty of the local grange to carry such matters of legislation and business interests that the local grange can not itself control, to the higher divisions of the Order. In business cooperation, such matters as insurance, county fairs and other enterprises too extensive for a local grange to conveniently conduct.

It is also the duty of the local grange to see to it that it is fully represented in the County Grange, by the Masters of their respective granges, otherwise the local grange would fail in its duty of fraternal cooperation with the Pomona or County Grange, as contemplated in the basic structure of the Order.

The constitution of the State Grange provides that subordinate or local granges, shall make quarterly reports to the County Granges and pay such fees and dues as the County Granges may establish by law.

In the Centre County Pomona Grange each subordinate grange shall pay a quarterly due to the County Grange of one cent for each member carried on its roll book and in good standing in the subordinate grange. One of the fundamental principles of our Order is that of cooperation between the different divisions established by our Order.

Every member, therefore, should have the desire not only to do all they can for the promotion of the Order in their respective communities, but to build up the enterprises of the organization, conducted by the higher divisions of the Order.

Patrons may well feel proud of the achievements of the Order in Centre county, and it is the duty of the members of the subordinate granges to do all in their power to encourage and help build up the enterprises of the County Grange, such as our cooperative plan of insurance, the Grange Encampment and Fair, and such other enterprises of the County Grange as are for our mutual encouragement and protection.

Democratic Ticket Union.

At the Democratic county convention held at Lewisburg the Crawford system was defeated ten to one, and the following ticket was nominated: County commissioner, George W. Walls; county treasurer, R. J. Moyer; register and recorder, James A. Martin; associate judge, W. C. Burns; auditor, W. H. Gehris,

LOW-RATE TOUR TO DENVER.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account International Covention Epworth League.

On account of the Epworth League International Convention, to be held in Denver, Col., July 5 to 9, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged a tour to Denver under its Personally-conducted System. A special train of high-grade Pullman equipment will leave New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Altoona and Pittsburg on Monday, July 3, arriving at Denver at 12.30 noon on Wednesday, July 5. Tickets covering round-trip transportation, Pullman accomodations (one berth) going, and all meals in dining car when traveling on special train, will be sold at the following very low rates: New York, $63.50; Philadelphia, $61.75; Baltimore, $60 00 Washington, $60.00; Harrisburg, $59.75; Williamsport, $59.75; Altoona, $58.75; and at porportionate rates from other stations.

These tickets will be good for passage to either Denver, Colorado Springs, or Pueblo, and will be good for return passage on regular trains to leave either of the above-mentioned points not later than July 14. Deposit of tickets with Joint Agent at either Denver, Colorado Springs, or Pueblo not later than July 14 and payment of fee of fifty cents secures an extension of return limit to leave either of the above points not later than August 8.

These liberal return limits will enable tourists to take advantage of the many delightful side trips to resorts in the Colorado Mountains, the Yellowstone Park, the Grand Canyon of Arizona, and the Lewis and Clark Exposition at Portland, for which special reduced-rate tickets will be on sale at Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo.

For further information concerning specific rates, stop-over privileges, and returning routes consult ticket agents. A descriptive itinerary will be mailed upon application to George W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Valuable Publication.

The Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has published the 1905 edition of the Summer Excursion Route Book. This is designed to provide the public with descriptive notes of the principal Summer resorts of the United States, with the best routes for reaching them, and the rates of fare. It contains all the principal seashore and mountain resorts in New England, the Middle, Southern and Western States, and in Canada, and over seventeen hundred different routes or combinations of routes. The book has been compiled with the greatest care, and altogether is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of Summer travel ever offered to the public.

The cover is handsome and striking, printed in colors, and the book contains several maps, presenting the exact routes over which tickets are sold. The book is profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery at the various resorts and along the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

This very interesting book may be procured at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cents, or, upon application to Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa., by mail for twenty cents.

Dr. D. G. Smith Honored.

At the fifty-first annual convention of the Illinois State Medical Society, Dr. D. G. Smith, of Elizabeth, was elected as one of the five delegates from Illinois to the American Medical Association at Portland, Oregon, in July. This is considered quite an honor as there are only one hundred and sixty delegates in America and the places are usually given the physicians in the larger cities. Dr. Smith will carry his honors easily and all his friends wish him a pleasant journey when he takes the trip through the west.

The above is taken from the News, published at Elizabeth, Illinois. Dr. Smith is a native of Penn Hall, and is married to Miss Emma Heckman, daughter of Wm. Heckman, deceased, near Centre Hall.

Asbury Park Booklet.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has just issued an atttractive booklet descriptive of Asbury Park. The publication is designed to present the attractions and claims of Asbury Park as a Summer seaside resort, and also to announce the reduced rate arrangements on account of the meeting of the National Educational Association, which will be held at Asbury Park July 3 to 7.

Persons desiring information concerning this popular resort may obtain a copy of the booklet by enclosing two cents in postage stamps to Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad, Philadelphia, Pa.

A DARING ACT.

Descended the Oil Well to a Depth of Fifty or More Feet—Discovered Immense Caverns.

A daring feat was performed by one of the drillers, Harry E. Long, at the prospecting well east of town. Contractor Brown has been having all kinds of experiences in sinking the shaft to its present depth of about eighty feet. One of the many obstacles to rapid drilling is the constant caving in of the sides when the stem is lifted, suggesting that the drill had passed through a series of caverns. With the hope of discovering a second Penns Cave, Mr. Long voluntered to be let to the bottom of the well by means of the main rope. The drill and stem, forty feet in length, was first let to the bottom, leaving a depth of forty odd feet to be explored by the man who knows no fear. Attaching an ordinary lantern to his waist, Mr. Long began the descent, hand over hand, on the rope.

Brave as he was, Mr. Long hesitated to continue his journey after having made the descent of the first ten feet, but on being cheered on by his companions who suggested that the trip was not nearly so hazardous as to stand on his head on the topmost point of the derrick, almost one hundred feet in the air, his nerve returned, and the descent was continued.

The trip was an eventful one. Great iron boulders were observed to rock in their sockets by a mere touch of the hand; tons and tons of earth, separated by fissures, seemed to wait only until harm could be done before falling. At a depth of about twenty-five feet a solid wall of rock was encountered. The passage way through this crust of rock was necessarily smaller than the opening above. The men above grew excited because their comrade apparently had stopped his descent and the rope remained quiet, but the man below was debating whether he should proceed or return. There was a struggle—the fears of the probable result were cast aside, and down through the narrow opening in the rock went the fearless driller, encouraged by the knowledge that after the drill had passed through this crust the stem instantly dropped ten feet or more before striking anything to stop its progress.

The anticipation of discovering a subterranean cavern with its beautiful formation of limestone was not disappointed. Resting on the top of the drill's mighty stem, Mr. Long beheld a wonderful scene. Before him was an opening ten feet wide, (the drill having passed along the outer edge of the cavern,) and beyond a cave large enough, and ten times over, to store the whole of the derrick and the machinery.

The ceiling of this cavern is studded with stalactites from which water drips continually upon peculiar right and oblique cone-shaped formations, varying greatly in size. At first the explorer was dazed by the grandeur, the symphonies were mistaken for the noises of rolling, tumbling rocks overhead, but after the pall had partially passed away, he realized that what he was beholding was the grandest work of nature he ever saw; that were he a symphonist of the Schumann-Brahms type or a Bach or Beethoven, the music he heard would have been the sweetest yet enjoyed.

In the midst of this reveling, pebbles began falling upon the explorer, and again he was conscious of his great danger. To increase his fear of loss of life, tiny jets of colored light appeared on several peculiarly shaped stalagmites, and there appeared a fiery connection between his lantern and these points. A slight rumbling sound not before heard, at the extreme end of the cavern, again unnerved the hitherto brave man, and ascent was made in haste.

On reaching the platform of the derrick, Mr. Long was plied with questions as to what he had seen below, but for a time he could only utter—oh! oh! but on becoming calm told his wonderful experience.

Souvenir Postal Cards.

You will find at the Reporter office a souvenir postal card, very suggestive at this particular time, at one cent each.

Festival June 17.

The annual June festival will be held in Grange Arcadia, Saturday evening, June 17, by the members of Progress Grange. The proceeds will be used toward liquidating the debt of the hall.

Fined $20 for Snoring in Church.

Charles Shubert, of Chattanooga has been fined $20 for snoring in church in Memphis, Tenn., the Magistrate having held that the act constituted a breach of the peace. Shubert was arrested on charge of the pastor, who testified that the noise disturbed the congregation.

INCIDENTS OF 1870.

Local Items Taken from the Centre Reporter of Interest to 1905 Readers.

SEPTEMBER 30—In an account given of a grand literary exhibition by the students of the Penn Hall Academy reference is made as follows:

The salutatory was delivered by John W. Shook. Essays were read by Misses Rebecca S. Lawyer, Sallie E. Gift, Ella S. Fisher, Rachael E. Hanna, Amanda Bartges, and Mr. Z. T. Porter. Declamations were delivered in an eloquent manner by George B. Crawford, William H. Kister and William C. McCool. An oration was delivered by J. M. Evans, who spoke in a very fluent manner. A declamation, in German, by C. B. Leitzell, received great applause. The dialogue by Messrs. S. R. Breon and William H. Kister was well performed. The Academy was at that time conducted by Prof. A. E. Truxal.

A serious accidental shooting occurred Wednesday, when a son of John Horner shot at a ground squirrel, the bullet striking the right arm of his companion, a son of Washington Lonbarger, and then passed into the right side above the hip. Death resulted within a few days.

OCTOBER 14—A hundred and fifty barrel oil well, the second on the Jacob Kepler lease, was opened the other day, in Tioga county.

D. W. Leitzel, of Centre Hill, made sale of his personal property preparatory to moving to Selinsgrove to enter the seminary to prepare for the ministry.

OCTOBER 28—Saturday, 22d inst., the Evangelical church, at Woodward, was totally destroyed by fire. The edifice had been repaired at a cost of about $500, and was almost completed. The fire originated in this peculiar way: A new bell rope having been procured, it was found to be too large for the passage through the ceiling. To enlarge this hole a heated iron was used, which set fire to the floor, with the above noted result.

Deaths—In Harris township, July 24, Mrs. Nancy Alexander, widow of Henry Alexander, aged 75 years . . . July 21, Emanuel, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Deininger, aged 9 years . . . August 20, near Centre Hall, Esther Rachael, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Keller, aged one year, three months . . . August 22, at Centre Hill, Margaret, wife of David Gilliland, aged about 53 years . . . September 28, at Aaronsburg, Ludwig Kurtz, aged 86 years.

Married—July 28, Samuel Limbert, of Brush Valley, and Miss Sarah E. Armagast, of Potter township . . . August 4, Jacob Wagner, Jr., and Miss Kate, daughter of Jacob Spangler, all of Potter township . . . August 18, John W. Myers and Miss Annie C. Keen, both of Centre Hall . . . In Aaronsburg, July 24, Benjamin H. Arney and Miss Mary A. Zeigler, both of Centre Hall . . . September 8, Henry Swab and Miss Margaret Wian, both of Potter township . . . September 29, George Garbrick and Miss Alice Brungord, both of Zion. . . . October 1, George W. Currin and Miss Minnie R. Willow, both of Centre Hall . . . October 4, John Hoffer, of Centre Hall, and Miss Emma Alexander, of Milroy . . . October 25, Henry Witmer, of Centre Hall, and Mrs. Kate A. Thompson, of Cedar Springs, Clinton county . . . October 25, William A. Curray, of Rock Hill, [Linden Hall], and Miss Lizzie Fauber, of Centre Hall.

The corner stone of the United Brethren church, near Logansville, was laid October 6.

Joseph Dasher sold his farm, west of Centre Hall, to U. D. Osman for $6000. Dr. Wilson sold one of his farms at Earlystown, containing 100 acres, to Col. Joseph Neff for $83 per acre. The Major Neff farm, west of town, was sold to John B. Bitner, at $80 per acre.

The salary paid school teachers was $35 per month. The length of term, four months.

NOVEMBER 11—Rev. J. K. Miller, George Hoffer, Dr. Peter Smith, Hiram Durst and William Stump went to Virginia with a view of investing in real estate.

John H. Miller, who operates the tannery, began the foundation for a new dwelling house above the tannery.

Markets—Wheat 1.20, rye 70, corn 60, oats 35, potatoes 75.

Real estate sold: Mr. Oberholtzer sold his property to William Galbraith, of Indiana. [This is the home now owned and occupied by Oliver Strunk, on Church Street.]

The farm of Solomon Weaver, near Wolf's Store, was sold to Edward Houtz, for $2100.

John H. Keller sold his farm of 170 acres to James A. Keller and John W. Conley. Price, $100 per acre. The latter will erect buildings on the part purchased by him.

The Egg Hill Evangelical church was dedicated December 18.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Rain Sunday.

Souvenir postal cards at the Reporter office.

Mayor Weaver blew out the gas, but escaped asphyxiation.

George H. Emerick and ex-Sheriff Brungart drove to Bealsburg Sunday.

D. K. Keller sold a bunch of fat cattle to the butchers Monday morning.

There will be a special meeting of Progress Grange Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The ministerial association is making a fight against mail being delivered in Lewistown.

Children's Day will be observed by the Presbyterian Sunday School at 10:30 a. m., Sunday.

D. A. Boozer enlarged his ice pond, above town, and now has one of the largest ponds in this section.

William Bower, of near Potters Mills, accompanied W. R. Neff to Centre Hall, Monday.

Christ Alexander, of Millheim, was in town over Sunday, the guest of his brother, Dr. J. F. Alexander.

Mrs. Mary Shoop, after having spent several weeks at Scranton, returned to her home in this place, last week.

Dr. J. B. Leitzell, of Belvidere, Illinois, says the Freeport Bulletin, is taking care of the practice of Dr. Daly, in Orangeville, Illinois, his former home.

Messrs. Foreman & Smith, grain and coal dealers, at Centre Hall, have dispensed with horse-power to elevate their grain, etc., and have substituted a gasoline engine.

A swarm of candidates were in Centre Hall Thursday of last week: Capt. Wm. H. Fry, J. D. Miller, C. A. Weaver, John L. Dunlap, Dr. F. K. White, J. J. Gramley.

Mrs. G. W. Ocker and daughter, Miss Estie, of Lewisburg, last week visited the former's mother, at Rebersburg, and the family of George Gentzell, at Spring Mills.

The Herrick Seed Company, of Rochester, N. Y., want an agent to canvass this section. This Company is all right. Their references are the best. Any one out of work write them for terms at once.

Prof. S. Ward Gramley will finish his select school this week. The attendance has been very good on the part of the scholars, and from appearances more than ordinary interest was taken in the studies.

The large burglar and fire proof safe of the Queen Run Fire Brick Company, at Lock Haven, was cracked by an expert. The combination would not work for several days, and "cracking" was the last resort.

P. D. Philips, of near Colyer, this week is engaged doing carpenter work for Henry Stoner, at the station. Mr. Philips was a caller at this office Monday morning and purchased a Pittsburg Visible Typewriter.

This is from the Mifflinburg Telegraph: Jacob Bitner, of Spring Mills, who is employed by the Laurelton Lumber Company, was in town for Memorial Day and of course one of our charming young ladies was delighted.

A magazine that is filled with seasonable interest for women is the July Delineator. In it the Summer fashions are exquisitely pictured, and described by such fashion authorities as Helen Berkeley-Loyd and Edouard La Fontaine, of Paris, who write for the magazine exclusively.

Weber Brothers are very much pleased with the new boiler and engine recently installed by them at the Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills. The plant is now one of the most complete to be found and is equipped with the latest machinery on the market. Their flour and chop prove the case.

Dr. George P. Bible, of Philadelphia, on his way home from Pittsburg where he delivered one of his entertaining and instructive lectures, stopped at Centre Hall Thursday, and spent the day with his cousins, Misses Annie and Lizzie Bible, east of town. Dr. Bible, if proper arrangements can be made, will give one of his many humorous lectures in Centre Hall some time in July.

Among those from Centre Hall who attended the Sabbath-school convention at Millheim, Thursday of last week were: Rev. W. H. Schuyler, Ph. D., Rev. J. W. Boal, D. D., Rev. D. Gress, Rev. J. M. Rearick, Misses Cora Brown, Carrie Spicher, Clara Krape, Verra Leibkicher, Mamie Emerick, Anna Mitterling, Mary Fetterolf, Lizzie Boozer, Bertha Strohmeier, Nellie Kerlin.

3 RUSSIAN CRUISERS SAFE

Admiral Enquist's Flight Ends in Manila Bay.

SEEKS REFUGE FROM JAPANESE.

Russian Ships Battered from the Effects of the Japanese Fire—Many Wounded Men Aboard—Rear Admiral Train Will Care for the Wounded in American Hospitals—A Problem to Solve.

Manila (By Cable).—Rear Admiral Enquist, who was commander of the heavy cruiser squadron of the Russian fleet, arrived in the bay on board his flagship, the protected cruiser Aurora, accompanied by the protected cruisers Oleg and Jemtchug. All the vessels were more or less damaged, and there were many wounded men on board.

Rear Admiral Train, on board his flagship, the battleship Ohio, with the Wisconsin, Oregon, Raleigh and Cincinnati, was outside Corregidor Island manœuvering when the Aurora saluted with 13 guns, and the Ohio answered.

Admiral Train and his squadron accompanied the Russian vessels to Manila.

In an interview Rear Admiral Enquist's executive officer said:

"When the battle began the Admiral was aboard the cruiser Oleg, which was hit a number of times by large shot. There was an incessant rain of shot from quick-firing guns, and the ship was soon badly damaged.

"The Admiral transferred his flag to the Aurora, which then drew the combined fire of many torpedo-boat destroyers at close range, and the attack of submarines. We were overwhelmed by the latter. A mist arising, we made a dash for the open sea and were followed by the Oleg and the Jemtchug."

Rear Admiral Enquist is uninjured. Captain Egorieff, of the Aurora, was killed by a shell which struck the conning tower, and he was buried at sea the day before reaching Manila.

On the Aurora three officers were wounded, 20 of the crew were killed and 83 were wounded.

The losses on the Oleg were 13 of the crew killed and 18 wounded. On the Jemtchug the casualties were 21 junior officers killed and one wounded, 12 of the crew and 30 wounded.

From their appearance the Russian vessels are not damaged below the water line. Their funnels, however, are riddled by large and small shot. Several large shells pierced the cruisers amidships, and a number of guns were dismounted. All the Russian officers interviewed assert that a large number of submarines caused confusion and defeat. Rear Admiral Enquist has cabled his arrival to the Emperor of Russia.

The battleship Ohio and the cruiser Cincinnati are guarding the Russian ships. No official action as to their disposition has been taken yet.

The arrival of the three cruisers at Manila clears up the conflicting reports about these ships since the battle of Japan sea. Admiral Togo at first reported the Jemtchug sunk; then on subsequent reports from his commanders it was dropped from the list of destroyed ships. Admiral Shimamura, however, in a later report said the Japanese cruiser Inote attacked the Jemtchug and sunk it in a minute.

All the ships are first-class modern protected cruisers.

The Aurora, the flagship of Admiral Enquist, is a vessel of 6,630 tons, launched in 1900, and a sister ship of the cruiser Diana, interned at Saigon after the last dash from Port Arthur, and the Pallada, destroyed at Port Arthur. The Oleg is of 6,675 tons, launched in 1903.

The Jemtchug is 3,106 tons and 17,000 indicated horsepower. The combined crews of the three vessels numbered about 1,500 men. The Russians have saved seven ships out of the 36 composing Rojestvensky's fleet that sailed into the Japanese trap in Korean Strait Saturday, May 28.

WILL TAKE ITS "NATURAL COURSE."

Employers and Union Leaders Abandon All Efforts at Settlement.

Chicago (Special).—Adjustment of the teamsters' strike by mediation seems as remote as it did two months ago. Peace negotiations have been abandoned for the present, and the strike will be allowed to take its "natural course," according to President Shea, of the teamsters' organization. All the business firms now involved in the trouble refuse to concede anything further in the controversy, which they now regard as a thing of the past.

"Peace negotiations are off for all time," said Levy Mayer, chief counsel for the employers. "We absolutely are finished with all conferences with the strikers. The only thing that prevented a settlement of the whole trouble was pique on the part of President Shea because he had been slighted in the conferences and because of his arrest in connection with libel charges filed by Mr. Thorne, of Montgomery Ward & Co."

The Morocco Reforms.

Tangier (By Cable).—Mohammed el Torres, the foreign minister, on behalf of the Sultan, has invited the representatives of the powers to ask for an international conference at Tangier for the purpose of discussing reforms in Morocco. The members of the diplomatic corps have communicated with their respective governments requesting instructions in the premises.

Brother and Sister Lawyers.

Franklin, Ind. (Special).—William A. Eaton and Arta M. Eaton were admitted to the bar of the Johnson Circuit Court this week. They are brother and sister and have a brother, Orris M. Eaton, practicing law in San Francisco. The father, C. M. Eaton, is proud that all of his children have become attorneys. Miss Arta has been studying in the office of William Feathergill for four years and has proved herself competent. William Eaton was formerly a student at Leland-Stanford University

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

An action to revoke the charter of the General Paper Company will probably be brought by the Attorney General of Wisconsin.

Counsel for James H. Hyde issued a statement outlining the position of Mr. Hyde in reference to the attack made on him.

Johann Hoch, the convicted wife-murderer, was sentenced to be hanged June 23 at Chicago.

Notable discoveries of relics of Moundbuilders have been made near Montezuma, Ill.

Douglas M. Kilpatrick, former United States subtreasurer, died at New Orleans.

Governor Higgins has signed the bill abolishing fake hotels in New York city.

Baron Moncheur, the Belgian minister, sailed from New York for Dover.

Brodie L. Duke has sued Mrs. Alice Webb Duke for divorce in New York.

Gen. H. V. Boynton died at Atlantic City of a complication of diseases.

Speaker Cannon and a party of congressmen will visit Southern Alaska.

By a combination of the forces of President Alexander and Vice President Hyde and Tarbell the report of the Frick committee, which investigated the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, was rejected by the directors. The report recommended the withdrawal of Messrs. Alexander, Hyde and Tarbell from their positions. Mr. Frick resigned as a director.

The Avenue Theater, in Pittsburg, was burned, and the Grand Opera House adjoining was badly damaged. The audience was quietly gotten out of the opera house without a panic. The loss is $150,000.

Jimmy Hope, the old safe-breaker and the man who pulled off the famous Manhattan Bank robbery in New York in 1878, died suddenly in his wife's arms.

While engaged in unloading a car of sand, workmen found bonds and securities valued at $300,000. They had been stolen from the Wilmington (Ill.) Bank.

A committee of the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce has decided that the squeeze in May wheat was not a corner.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will establish daily train service of 18 hours each way between New York and Chicago.

Peter Thomas, a negro, was hanged at Albany, Ga., for the murder of a town marshal.

Seventeen-year locusts have appeared in Southern Wisconsin.

The Philadelphia City Councils withdrew the gas lease and confirmed Mayor Weaver's appointments to the places made vacant by the removal of the director of public safety and the director of public works.

Judge Tayler, of the United States District Court, in Cleveland, O., appointed Jacob B. Fawcett receiver of the assets of William L. Davis, vice president of the closed Canton State Bank.

John Mitchell has begun his series of addresses to the miners in Pennsylvania with the hope of building up the membership of the organization, which has fallen off since the last strike.

The rebellion of the Filipinos on the Island of Samar against corrupt practices of native officials and hemp agents has been settled by removal of the officials.

A passenger train struck an oil wagon near Stillwater Junction, O., causing an explosion which resulted in the death of the engineer and fireman.

The Seaboard Company has filed a certificate with the New Jersey Secretary of State increasing its stock from $4,000,000 to $72,000,000.

Governor Magoon has appointed former Gov. Facundo Mutis Duran as chief justice of the Supreme Court of the Canal Zone.

Samuel Lobley pleaded guilty in New York to the charge of fraudulently obtaining $10,000 on a stolen life-insurance policy.

The fight was begun in Philadelphia for the estate of the late William Weightman, the millionaire chemist.

The American Savings Bank, at Trinidad, Col., has closed its doors. Liabilities, $176,000; assets, $106,000.

C. W. Kindrick, United States consul at Ciudad Juarez, Mexico, died at El Paso, Tex., of tuberculosis.

State Senator A. W. Covington, of Little Rock, Ark., was arrested on the charge of accepting bribes.

Mrs. Frances Wertz was murdered by a burglar in Newark, O.

Foreign.

Lord Edmund Talbot (Conservative), who was seeking re-election to the House of Commons from Chichester on his appointment as junior lord of the treasury, was re-elected at a bye-election by a majority of 412.

The Duchess Cecilia, bride-elect of the Crown Prince of Germany, entered Berlin in royal style with quaint and beautiful ceremony. The marriage contract was signed at the palace.

In regard to President Castro's recent message to the Congress of Venezuela the British government adheres to its position regarding the agreement with the foreign bondholders.

The British battleship Cæsar collided with the British bark Afghanistan in a fog off Dungeness. The bark sank, and it is feared 23 men were drowned.

King Alfonso attended the French military review at Vincennes and was greatly interested in the evolutions of the 25,000 troops.

Representatives of 24 anthracite collieries in Wales decided to form a combination with a capital of $10,000,000.

Six persons were killed and 79 wounded and 33 houses destroyed by an earthquake in Hiroshima Province, Japan.

Whitelaw Reid, the new United States ambassador to London, and Mrs. Reid arrived in England.

Five hundred Hindoo laborers and 50 Europeans perished in the hurricane that swept over Natal.

Again it is reported that the Czar has determined to call a Zemsky Sobor to meet in Moscow to decide on peace or war and determine a form for a future Russian Parliament.

Foreign Secretary Lansdowne stated in the House of Lords that the foreign relations of Afghanistan were under British guidance and control.

BAD FIRE NEAR THEATER

But the Audience, However, Was Gently Led Out.

THE SCENE WAS A THRILLING ONE.

Avenue Theater, Pittsburg, Burned and the Grand Opera House, Adjoining, Damaged—Burned Theater Was Closed—Audience Gotten Out of the Grand Opera House by the Prompt Action of Ushers.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—One of the most exciting and spectacular fires that has visited Pittsburg in recent years broke out in the Avenue Theater shortly before 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and before it was subdued had completely destroyed the Avenue and partially wrecked the Grand Opera House adjoining, but fortunately no panic resulted and no lives were lost. The loss will reach $150,000, fully insured. The cause of the fire is believed to be traceable to crossed wires.

The Avenue was probably the oldest show-house in the city and recently has been used for vaudeville. The building fronts on the south side of Fifth avenue, midway between Wood and Smithfield streets. The Grand Opera House, which is partially under the same roof, extends through to Diamond street. The Avenue had been closed for several weeks and no one was in the building except the watchman, but in the opera house a matinee performance was in progress when the fire broke out. The house was about half filled, but through the prompt and systematic work of the ushers the audience was gotten out without the semblance of a panic—indeed, the majority did not know there was a fire until they reached the street. Several women fainted when they came to realize what might have happened.

For some reason there was considerable delay in getting engines to the scene, and when the firemen finally reached it dense smoke and flames were belching from every window on the Fifth avenue front and the side next Smithfield street.

The Newell Hotel and the Antler Hotel, opposite the Avenue, suffered considerable damage from broken windows, resulting from the great heat. Employes of the hotels and firemen kept water constantly playing on the fronts of the building and in that way saved them from burning. The guests of the hotels prepared themselves for a quick exit, but were saved this trouble by the good work of the firemen confining the flames to the one building.

The Avenue Theater building was erected in the '50s and was valued at $75,000. It is completely ruined. Harry Davis was the lessee of both the Avenue and the Grand Opera House. His loss will be in the neighborhood of $70,000. The damage to the Opera House, which was caused mostly by water, will represent probably $10,000.

BIG FAIR IS OPEN.

President Roosevelt Starts the Lewis and Clark Exposition.

Portland, Ore. (Special).—With the touch of a hand on a golden telegraph instrument, President Roosevelt from the White House in Washington gave the signal which formally opened in Portland, more than 3,000 miles away, the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition, a monument to the memories of Capts. Merrewether Lewis and William Clark, who 100 years ago blazed the trail which opened to the world the Oregon country. A more auspicious day for the opening of the Exposition could not have been desired.

The literary exercises which preceded the formal opening of the Fair were excellent. The speakers were Vice-President Fairbanks, Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, of the House of Representatives; Senator Clark, of Wyoming; Congressman Tawney, of Minnesota; H. A. Taylor, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Department; Governor Chamberlain, of Oregon, and Mayor Williams, of Portland.

TRIED TO KILL HIMSELF.

George Naylor, Despondent Over Losses, Wanted to Cut Throat.

York, Pa. (Special).—George Naylor, a wood dealer, 55 years old, while brooding over losses sustained in a fire, attempted to commit suicide at his home, 236 South Howard avenue, and was prevented from carrying out his intention by the interference of his wife and son.

Foiled in his attempt at self-destruction, Naylor became frenzied, and strong men from the neighborhood had to be called in to guard him.

Naylor had made two previous attempts to kill himself. Once he tried to hang himself by using his suspenders, and upon another occasion he sought fraud by adding names to the poll lists of two windows of his bedroom.

Two Enginemen Cremated.

Dayton, Ohio (Special).—Pennsylvania passenger train No. 28, from St. Louis, struck an oil wagon at Stillwater Junction. As the oil tank burst the engine fires ignited the oil and Engineer Edward Gimbey and Fireman Chas. Pryor, of Columbus, Ohio, were burned to death, the driver of the wagon escaping uninjured. The train was not damaged.

Poison in Prisoners Food.

Columbia, S. C. (Special).—As the result of chemical examination State Chemist Burney has found arsenic in remnants of a cabbage dinner which was given to the prisoners in the state prison, and which made over 100 of them ill, while Superintendent Griffith discovered traces of paris green on the windowsill of the kitchen. The men are now out of danger. Suspicion points strongly to one of the convicts as having poisoned the food.

TO START SOUTH OCTOBER 17.

President Roosevelt Postpones Extra Session Until November.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—It was officially announced at the White House that President Roosevelt would depart on his Southern trip October 17. He will be absent from the city about 12 days, returning about a week before the November elections.

This will necessitate a postponement of the proposed extra session of Congress, which will probably be called to meet Monday, November 13, immediately after the State elections have taken place. The definite announcement settles the fact that the extra session will not be called for October, and will not be held until the middle of the following month.

The trip will be made over the Southern Railway and preliminary arrangements were made by Col. A. R. Andrews, vice president of the road, and Mr. L. S. Brown, the general agent, who had a conference with Secretary Loeb.

The journey will, in addition to Virginia, the Carolinas and Georgia, include Louisiana, Florida and Arkansas, which are the only States that Mr. Roosevelt has not vsited since he became President of the country. Details for the trip have not been finally determined, but it is understood that the tentative arrangement includes stops at Richmond, Va.; Raleigh and Charlotte, N. C.; Jacksonville and perhaps Tampa, Fla.; Atlanta, Ga.; Birmingham, Montgomery, Tuskegee and Mobile, Ala.; New Orleans, La., and Little Rock, Ark.

The stop at Richmond will be the only important one in Virginia. The President has been invited to visit Norfolk and will do so when he has had the opportunity, but will be unable to do so on this journey. At Roswell, Ga., he will visit the old homestead of his mother, and at Tuskegee, Ala., he will visit the Booker Washington Institute.

A delegation from Charlotte, N. C., called on the President to urge him to spend a day there. He told his callers that so long a stop would not be possible, but promised to extend his cordial greetings to the people of Charlotte. The delegation was headed by Mayor S. S. McNich and included Daniel A. Tompkins, R. M. Miller, Jr., B. D. Heath, George Stephens, T. S. Franklin, Heriot Clarkson and G. C. Huntington.

WAS INFLUENCED BY SERMON.

Keller Then Confessed His Part in Election Frauds.

Knoxville, Tenn. (Special).—Influenced by a sermon which he heard from the lips of Rev. Sam Jones, the evangelist, William S. Kellar confessed his part in recent election frauds. The Knox county judgeship is now being contested in court. Keller had twice been on the witness stand and had twice refused to answer certain pointed questions.

Thursday he appeared and asked to be allowed to testify. The privilege was granted him, and he then told how, as an officer of election, he had stuffed the ballot box in the Eleventh ward, had marked between 200 and 300 votes and had shoved them into the box. In his confession he implicated several city officials in trying to cover up evidences of fraud by adding names to he poll lists of the ward to make them conform to the number of votes polled.

KILLED BY A BURGLAR.

Mrs. Frances Wertz is Beaten to Death With a Club.

Newark, Ohio (Special).—Mrs. Frances Wertz was murdered by an unknown burglar, who escaped. Mrs. Wertz lived with her husband and 15-year-old grandchild seven miles from this city. Mr. Wertz had gone to the home of a neighbor. About midnight Mrs. Wertz heard a noise on the lower floor. Picking up a pitchfork, she went downstairs. As she opened the stair door leading into the sitting room a tall man struck her with a heavy club and then hit her repeatedly after she had fallen. When help reached the house the woman was dead.

Pullman Car Company's Status.

Topeka, Kan. (Special).—The Pullman Car Company, replying to a complaint filed against the company before the State Board of Railway Commissioners, alleging excessive rates, declares that the Pullman Company is not a common carrier, and not under the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commissioners.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Diplomats in Washington are not surprised at the apparent futility of the conference between President Roosevelt and Count Cassini.

The battle of the Korean Straits has excited much comment among the naval officers at Washington.

President Roosevelt has been presented with two Japanese flags and an ancient Samurai sword.

Brigadier General George B. Davis has been reappointed judge advocate general of the Army.

The War Department has been informed of the death, from malarial fever, of Edward Green.

Secretary Hitchcock is determined to enforce the law at Muskogee, I. T.

The Cabinet decided that the body of John Paul Jones should be transferred direct from France to its last resting-place at Annapolis, and should not lie in state in cities making the request.

Mr. Charles J. Bonaparte, who will become secretary of the Navy on July 1, delivered an address to the graduates of Trinity College.

There is a well-defined rumor that Secretary of Interior Hitchcock contemplates resigning.

Representative Pearre secured a rescinding of the order passed to remove Charles W. Adams as keeper of Antietam National Cemetery.

Secretary Morton has located the original commission of Paul Jones as a captain in the Navy in the possession of a Philadelphia lady.

THE JAPAN SEA SLAUGHTER

More Than 7,000 Russians Went Down With Ships.

JAPANESE LOSSES PUT AT ONLY 800.

Admiral Voelkersham Killed in Conning Tower by First Shell That Struck His Flagship—Further Details of the Great Naval Battle—Japanese Completely Enveloped the Russian Ships.

Further authentic details of the naval battle in the Strait of Korea and Japan show that torpedo boats wrought the greatest destruction among the Russian ships. When the flag of action was hoisted on the Japanese flagship the signal read:

"The destiny of our empire depends upon this action. You are all expected to do your utmost."

The Japanese fleet gradually inclosed the Russian on all sides and the torpedo boats sunk one ship after another. The Russians were unable to repel the attack at night.

While the Japanese suffered a loss of less than 800 men in killed and wounded, it is estimated that the Russian losses were from 7,000 to 9,000, not including nearly 4,000 taken prisoners.

The first shell that struck the conning tower of Admiral Voelkersham's flagship, the battleship Oslabya, killed the Admiral. The ship was sunk.

Nearly 3,800 Russian prisoners have landed at Neyasaki.

Vice Admiral Birileff, who started for Vladivostok May 25 to take command of the Baltic Station, is reported to be returning to St. Petersburg.

It was reported in St. Petersburg and Paris that M. Bompard, the French ambassador, was returning to St. Petersburg at the request of Russia to arrange for peace negotiations, but the story was not confirmed in official circles.

Tokio (By Cable).—Admiral Togo's supplementary report makes the Russian's defeat a staggering disaster unequaled in naval history. Practically every fighting ship of a once splendid fleet was either sunk or captured, representing a loss of tonnage exceeding 150,000 tons. The remaining units of the fleet, consisting largely of auxiliaries and transports, have been dispersed, some going to Vladivostok, others to the China coast. Admiral Rojestvensky, gravely wounded, occupies a cot in a Japanese hospital, a prisoner of war.

Tokio, astounded and elated at the first measure of victory, seems unable to clearly grasp the still greater triumph that Admiral Togo brings to the nation.

Before the combat a partial victory, with operations around Vladivostok during the summer, was generally expected. No one dreamed of annihilation at the first meeting. Later reports indicate that the fighting was of the most desperate nature. On Saturday and Sunday were persistent torpedo attacks following heavy gun fighting.

Admiral Rojestvensky appears to have been hopelessly outclassed in gunnery. It is reported that it was necessary for Admiral Rojestvensky to change his flagship five times during the battle. He finally took refuge on the torpedo-boat destroyer, where he was captured.

Admiral Togo's later dispatches given to the public created the highest enthusiasm. High officers of the army and prominent officials hurried to the Navy Department and offered congratulations.

The entire staff of the Bank of Japan, headed by a band, marched to the Navy Department and cheered in honor of the victory.

The Navy Department made the following announcement:

"Later reports from the different divisions of the fleet engaged in the naval battle of May 27 show as follows:

"The Russian battleship Oslabya was heavily damaged in the early part of the fight on Saturday, going down at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

"The first Russian vessel sunk was the battleship Sissoi Veliky.

"The armored cruisers Admiral Nakhimoff and Vladimir Monomach, after being in the general engagement during the daytime, were still further damaged by torpedoes during attacks by night and were eventually completely disabled. They drifted into the vicinity of Tsu Islands, where they were discovered on Sunday morning, May 28, by the auxiliary cruisers Shilano, Yawata, Tainan and Sado, which were about to capture them, but they all sank.

"The crews of our auxiliary cruisers rescued 915 of the crew of the sunken Russian ships.

"The battleship Navarin was torpedoed four times after sundown on Saturday, May 27, and sunk. The survivors of the Navarin's crew confirm the story of her destruction.

"The cruiser Niitaka and Otawa discovered the Russian cruiser Svietlana at 9 o'clock on Sunday morning in the vicinity of Chappyan Bay and immediately attacked and sunk her. The commander of the Niitaka reports the fact.

"It is suspected that the Russian cruisers Almaz and Aurora were sunk by torpedoes on the night of May 27.

"The former report includes the statement that the Russian cruiser Jemtchug was sunk, but as yet this remains unconfirmed, and the cruiser's name has been excluded from the revised list of Russian vessels destroyed.

"Judging from this and former reports, the enemy's main strength, consisting of eight battleships destroyed or captured, three armored cruisers and three coast-defense ships destroyed or captured, with the second-class cruisers and other vessels destroyed, the enemy's fighting power is thus annihilated.

Illinois Congressman Dead.

Warsaw, Ill. (Special).—Representative Benjamin F. Marsh, Republican member of the United States House of Representatives from the Fourteenth district of Illinois, died at his home here. Representative Marsh had served eight terms in Congress, and had been elected to a ninth term. Mr. Marsh served in the Union Army throughout the Civil War, suffering several wounds. He was a lawyer and farmer.

PRESIDENT'S MOVE FOR PEACE.

His Frank Talk to Count Cassini, Russian Ambassador.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The President struck a blow for peace in the Far East. In a conference at the White House with Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, the President expressed the earnest hope that Russia would forthwith conclude peace with Japan.

Prolongation of the war, he believes, will not result in victory for the Russian arms, and can only serve to increase Japan's demands and render more difficulty the drafting of a treaty of peace which the Czar, as well as the Mikado, can sign. The President spoke, he said, as the friend of Russia, no less than of Japan, and on behalf not only of the Washington government, but in the interest of humanity.

Until his words have reached Tsarkoe-Selo and have been communicated to Emperor Nicholas in the friendly spirit in which they were uttered their effect cannot be estimated.

Soon after reaching his embassy Count Cassini began the preparation of a dispatch to his government. Neither at the White House nor at the Russian Embassy could a formal statement regarding the conference be obtained.

Throughout the Diplomatic Corps there is a strong hope that this conference marked the first step toward peace; but the general opinion is that weeks may elapse before even preliminary negotiations can be begun.

Diplomats express the hope that Emperor Nicholas will receive the President's words "as the counsel of that government which has for years been Russia's traditional friend, and will weigh it accordingly."

Unaccompanied, Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, called by appointment at the White House at 2.30 o'clock. He was ushered at once into the Blue Room, where he was joined immediately by the President, and a conference followed until after 3 o'clock.

Appreciating the natural feelings of the Ambassador on such an occasion, the President began the conversation by a frank personal expression of sympathy for Count Cassini, alluding to the severe strain under which he has been for the past few days, and deploring the terrible loss of life and consequent sorrow caused by the recent battle in the Sea of Japan.

Without further preliminaries a general and entirely informal and personal conversation upon the whole situation followed. The President informed the Ambassador that he earnestly hoped for an early peace in the Far East, and that in expressing this hope he voiced not only his own strong personal sentiments and those of this government, but he believed these were held by all of the powers. His opinion was that it would be a mistake for Russia to continue the war.

$20,000,000 IN SUGAR.

Extensive Cuban Investments Are Planned By Americans.

New York (Special).—Capitalists in New York and elsewhere are taking a lively interest in the development of the sugar industry in Cuba. It is estimated that something like $20,000,000 will be invested by Eastern men within the next year in the purchase of plantations and equipment of mills, railroads, docks and other improvements necessary to sugar production and its marketing.

One of the most extensive operators will be the Nipe Bay Company, controlled and operated by the same men who compose the United Fruit Company. The headquarters of the company is in Boston, and Andrew B. Preston is president. In the vicinity of Nipe Bay, on the north coast of the island, the company owns a tract of 130,000 acres. During the present summer the company is to build one of the largest sugar works in the world, with a capacity for grinding 5,000 tons of cane daily.

Mechanical equipment now being contracted for will cost about $2,000,000, which, together with the land, will represent an outlay of $8,000,000.

Mr. Bonaparte in the Cabinet.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Mr. Charles J. Bonaparte will become secretary of the navy when Secretary Paul Morton resigns, on July 1. Mr. Morton issued a formal statement announcing that on July 1 he would resign the Navy portfolio to associate himself with the Ryan syndicate in New York. Later in the day, when President Roosevelt was asked whom he would appoint to succeed Mr. Morton, he smiled and announced that he had selected Mr. Bonaparte, of Baltimore.

Five Men Killed in Tunnel.

Montrose, Col. (Special).—At least five men were killed and two seriously injured by the caving in of the Gunnison Reclamation Mine Tunnel. C. Taylor and Fred Groff were pinned under heavy timbers and terribly injured. They would have been drowned but for the efforts of their entombed companions, who improvised a dam to hold back the water which poured into the tunnel for a time. Twenty-one men were rescued uninjured, but exhausted.

Broke Naval Target Record.

Vallejo, Cal., (Special).—In a target practice in San Pablo Bay, Kempstehorne Scott, an apprentice on the torpedo boat Preble, broke the American navy record with a six-pound gun. While the Preble was moving at a speed of ten knots Scott struck the target at 1,000 yards nineteen times out of twenty-one shots.

FINANCIAL.

The Erie has ordered 12,000 tons of steel rails.

Holzman & Co., New York Stock Exchange brokers, failed.

The death of B. H. Gaskill, head of B. H. Gaskill & Co., caused widespread regret.

It is reported that three directors of the International Marine Company will retire next month.

Burnett, Cummings & Co., street railway promoters, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,700,000.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE--1905.

Bellefonte, N. W., J. C. Harper
" S. W., Patrick Gherrity
" W. W., George R. Meek
Philipsburg, 1st W., J. W. Lukens
" 2nd W., Ira Howe
" 3rd W., E. G. Jones
Centre Hall, D. J. Meyer
Howard, Howard Moore
Millheim, Pierce Musser
Milesburg, James Noll
South Philipsburg, Joseph Gates
Unionville, P. J. McDonnel, Fleming
State College, D. G. Meek
Benner, N. P., John F. Grove, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Grove, Bellefonte
Boggs, N. P., Ira Confer, Yarnell
" E. P., W. J. C. Barnhart, Roland
" W. P., Lewis Wallace, Milesburg
Burnside, William Hipple, Pine Glenn
College, Nathan Grove, Lemont
Curtin, R. A. Poorman, Romola
Ferguson, E. P., W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills
" W. P., Sumner Miller, Penna. Furnace
Gregg, N. P., Josiah C. Rossman, Spring Mills
" E. P., H. P. Herring, Penn Hall
" W. P., John Smith, Spring Mills
Haines, E. P., L. D. Orndorf, Woodward
" W. P., Ralph E. Stover, Aaronsburg
Halfmoon, Emory McAfee, Stormstown
Harris, John Weiland, Boalsburg
Howard, George D. Johnson, Roland
Huston, Henry Hale, Julian
Liberty, E. P., W. F. Harter, Blanchard
" W. P., Albert Bergner, Monument
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker
Miles, E. P., H. F. McManaway, Wolfs Store
" M. P., George B. Winters, Smullton
" W. P., G. Edward Miller, Rebersburg
Patton, T. M. Huey, Waddle
Penn, W. F. Smith, Millheim
Potter, N. P., George H. Emerick, Centre Hall
" S. P., George Goodhart, Centre Hall
" W. P., James B. Spangler, Tusseyville
Rush, N. P., W. E. Frank, Philipsburg
" E. P., Fred Wilkinson, Munson Station
" S. P., John T. Lorigan, Retort
Snow Shoe, E. P., Lawrence Redding, Snow Shoe
" W. P., James Culver, Moshannon
Spring, N. P., C. M. Heisler, Bellefonte
" S. P., John Mulfinger, Pleasant Gap
" W. P., John L. Dunlap, Bellefonte
Taylor, P. A. Hoover, Port Matilda
Union, John O. Peters, Fleming
Walker, E. P., Solomon Peck, Nittany
" M. P., John McAuley, Hublersburg
" W. P., John Cole, Zion
Worth, J. A. Williams, Port Matilda

H. S. TAYLOR, Chairman

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.	
P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 32
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 22
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 15
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 06	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 06
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.22 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.46 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.				Stations	Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5			No 6	No 4	No 2
A.M.	P M	P M		Lv. Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 30	6 40		BELLEFONTE	9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51		Nigh	9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56		Zion	9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 53	7 03		Hecla Park	8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05		Dunkles	8 53	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09		HUBLERSBURG	8 49	4 38	9 09
7 43	3 03	7 14		Snydertown	8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16		Nittany	8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19		Huston	8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23		LAMAR	8 39	4 25	8 57
7 53	3 13	7 25		Clintondale	8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29		Krider's Spring	8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33		Mackeyville	8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39		Cedar Springs	8 23	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42		Salona	8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47		MILL HALL	8 15	4 00	8 33
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)							
11 45		8 28		Jersey Shore	3 16		7 50
12 20		9 10	Arr.	W'msport Lve	2 40		7 20
12 29		11 30	Lve.	W'msport Arr.	2 25		6 50
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)							
7 30		6 50		PHILA	8 36		11 30
10 40		9 02		NEW YORK	4 30		7 30
(Via Philad.)							
P. M.		A. M.			A. M.		P. M
10 40			Ar	New York Lv	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)							

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS.		WESTWARD	
6	4	2	Ar. Lv.	1	3	5
PM.	P. M	AM		AM	AM	PM
6 30	2 25	8 50	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 00
6 15	2 10	8 40	Coleville	6 35	10 37	4 07
6 12	2 07	8 37	Morris	6 38	10 42	4 10
6 08	2 02	8 35	Stevens	6 43	10 47	4 15
6 05	1 55	8 31	Hunters	6 46	10 51	4 18
6 03	1 51	8 28	Fillmore	6 50	10 56	4 21
5 59	1 45	8 24	Briarly	6 55	11 02	4 25
5 55	1 40	8 20	Waddles	7 00	11 05	4 28
5 37	1 22	8 07	Krumrine	7 12	11 20	4 40
5 30	1 15	8 00	State College	7 25	11 35	4 45
5 10		7 45	Struble	7 27		4 50
5 05		7 40	Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 55
5 00		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		5 00

TASTE TELLS ONE LITTLE.

Unassisted by Sense of Smell, Onions and Potatoes Are Alike.

"Do you really think that you can distinguish the tastes of potatoes and onions?" was the unusual question that Prof. Burtis Burr Breese asked his psychology class at the University of Cincinnati the other morning.

"I have yet to see the individual who could tell them apart when they were reduced to the same consistency and when the sense of taste only was used."

At this point Miss Luella Latta, a member of the class, showed some evidences of doubting, and the professor asked her if she would not exhibit to the class exactly how discriminating her sense of taste was.

He explained that he did not have the potatoes and onions on hand, but that he had something far more decided in its taste and quite as familiar to most people.

Then Miss Latta was asked to step up to the rostrum and when she was seated Prof. Breese told her that she must not breathe through her nose—that is, she must rely altogether on the taste and that he was certain she would be unable to distinguish the three things that he then proceeded to give her separately.

She failed, quite as the professor predicted, and he then told the class that Miss Latta had not been able to tell wintergreen from peppermint or peppermint from cloves.

"In fact," he said, "none of you can tell the difference simply by the sense of taste. The taste is aided greatly by the sense of smell. All you really taste is sweet and sour, salt and bitter."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

YOU NEVER CAN TELL.

"You think you do—but you don't."
—Barnard Shaw.

In the touch-and-go of the daily show
Where the virtues are highly prized.
We've a conscience sweet with the mild conceit
That we're looking down with a Jove-like frown
On the Turk or the Hottentot
While we spread our wings like the perfect things
Which we think we are—but we're not.

This nation of ours, as it tells the Powers,
Is the land of the free and the brave;
In God we trust, and we're awfully just,
And we haven't the sign of a slave.
No peasants toil on our chainless soil,
As labor the sons of the Czar;
For we're not in the nooks of the fierce Grand Dukes—
We think we're not—but we are.

There's no great span 'twixt the Congressman
And the humblest Mick in the ditch;
We see no charms in a coat of arms,
And we don't bow down to the rich.
We never graze with a thankful gaze
In the fields of the parvenu;
We never stare at a millionaire—
We think we don't—but we do

Wallace Irwin in Life.

A Little Rebel.

By CLAIRE CARTER

It was May Brinley's wedding day. In another hour she would be Mrs. John Hargrave. How hard it was to realize!

After the ceremony which made them man and wife was over, she and Jack traveled for four weeks; then they came home to their own beautiful home—her father's wedding gift to her. Here a round of festivities awaited them, so that the young people for three months had no single evening to themselves.

"I am tired, May. Let us stay at home tonight, darling," said Jack one evening after dinner, as May was about to leave him to make her toilet for some party.

"Abusrd, Jack! You're not growing old already, surely! Besides, I promised Mrs. Armstrong we would come, and I cannot disappoint her."

"I don't like Mrs. Armstrong, May. I wish you were not so intimate with her; and really, my head aches tonight. Stay at home, like a good girl."

For a moment May wavered. She looked within the library, which seemed so warm and inviting. Then she remembered something that Mrs. Armstrong had said about spoiling men, and how easy it was to begin, and how selfish they were.

So she ran on up the stairs, calling back over her shoulder:

"Come, Jack, we've no time to lose. And as to your horrid prejudice, do try and get over it."

Half an hour later he stood in full dress, waiting the advent of the beautiful girl, who all unconsciously to them both, was steering her frail vessel on the quicksands of married misery.

* * * * * *

A year passed, and Mr. and Mrs. Hargrave were still in the gay vortex of fashionable life; but to the man's spirit it had grown unutterably wearisome.

It was no uncommon thing for Jack to spend his evenings with his books and thoughts, while his young wife went out alone.

"May, I wish you would give Mrs. Armstrong up," he said to her one evening as they sat at dinner.

"But, Jack, I have already accepted an invitation to a dinner party there for Thursday evening."

"Then write and decline. I do not ask for this without good cause, little girl; but things have recently come to my hearing regarding this lady, and I do not wish my wife's name coupled with hers."

May answered nothing more, but in her own heart her decision was unaltered. Of course she should go. She had been married more than a year now, and so far had always had her own sweet will and way.

This time the latter was unexpectedly made easy to her, for as Jack kissed her good-bye on Thursday morning he said to her:

"I shan't be home to dinner tonight, May. You had better dine at mother's. By the way, this is Mrs. Armstrong's night. You have sent that regret?"

The first fear she had ever felt of Jack crept into her heart at a new, stern look she saw in his eyes, and it drew her first falsehood to him from her lips.

"Yes," she answered.

He stooped and kissed her more tenderly.

"I'll make it up to you yet, darling. Believe me, I did not ask it without a good cause."

She stood quite still after he had left her. She was half-tempted yet to obey him; but—pshaw! What nonsense it was!

So, at seven o'clock, the coupe stood at her door, and in a bewitching dinner dress, she was driven to the house her husband had forbidden her to enter.

It was ten o'clock when she returned home.

A light in the library showed that her husband was at home. She hesitated an instant at the door, and then went boldly in.

Jack stood with his back against the fire, his eyes fixed upon her—but not her Jack. The sternness had gone from his eyes, but no smile was on his lips. Over his face was an expression of withering contempt.

"You have enjoyed your evening, madam!" he said; "you had for it the relish of your falsehood this morning.

Oh, how wrong she had been! She was tempted to crawl up to him, and creep into his arms and beg him to forgive her, but she remembered Mrs. Armstrong's advice.

"Yes," she said. "I had a charming evening; but I am quite sleepy now. Good-night! I am going to bed now."

"Why did you disobey me, May?" he demanded.

"Because I do not propose to be a slave to your caprice—because I have had my own way all my life, and I intend to have it."

"And I say you shall not have it! Choose between Mrs. Armstrong and me—between your unworthy friend and your husband—between your own will and our future happiness—on this instant, choose!"

"I have made my choice; I abide by it. When you are more reasonable I will listen further. Now, good-night."

He made her no answer. She lingered a moment at the head of the stairs, hoping he would speak again, but all was silent.

In the early morning a servant brought her a note. It was from her husband, and ran thus:

"At nine o'clock I shall sail for abroad, to be absent three months. During that time my lawyer will consult you in regard to our separation, and make it as easy as possible. I have known for a long time that our tastes were diametrically opposed, that all my sweet hopes of home were wrecked; but not that you could defy and outrage the love which I so freely gave you. Do not think me harsh in leaving you without a good-bye, but I thought it would be less painful to both."

With tear-blinded eyes she glanced up at the clock. It was just eight. She had one hour in which to act. It was but the work of ten minutes to order the carriage, make a hasty toilet, swallow a cup of coffee, then issue her commands to the coachman to drive at any speed, but reach the pier before the clock struck nine.

It was ten minutes past the hour when the pier was reached, and already far out in the bay stood the gallant ship.

With a loud cry of agony May realized the whole, then the strain relaxed, and the fair young head fell back upon its silken cushions in a dead faint.

"A lady fainted!" was the cry which reached a gentleman giving some directions about the baggage which he had countermanded being put upon the vessel which had just set sail.

He turned quickly. There stood his own carriage, and within it the lovely face of his unconscious wife.

It was the work of an instant to spring beside her and lift it on his breast, trying to revive her with his passionate kisses. At last the beautiful eyes opened with a wild, incredulous recognition.

"Oh, I am dreaming!" she murmured. "Jack, Jack! don't leave me!"

"No, darling—no! At the last moment my heart relented. I thought perhaps I had misjudged you, or that I had been too severe, and I ordered my baggage to be taken off the steamer, and let it sail without me. My wife, I thought you did not love me—that you had chosen the world, because, my darling no true woman finds it hard to yield to the man she can respect and love; and surely, May, you do not find me a tyrant."

But she can only sob out her plea for forgiveness—a plea all too easy to grant; and even tears are sweet when kissed away by love's lips.—New York News.

AN AERO-HYDRAULIC MOTOR.

An English Device, Said to Be a Great Saver of Power.

The greatest discovery of the present age, says the London Iron and Steel Journal may be described as the proved fact that force, like matter, is indestructible, and that it is in the application of force in its different forms that invention has found its evident field of operation. Therefore, an appliance devised to the economization force and the full utilization of every possible atom of energy must lead to a more satisfactory result for the same expenditure of power than is possible when a greater or less proportion of the force generated is allowed to run to waste.

It is with this object of avoiding any such leakage of power that Mr. Corvisier's patent aero-hydraulic motor engine has engrossed the skill and inventive capabilities of the patentee for a period extending over the last 25 years, and as a result he has been able to produce a motor, which, without the aid of fire, steam or electricity, will accomplish just the saving of energy and full utilization of power which has long been the desideratum of those who understand the intricacies of machinery.

In the ordinary hydraulic press the small piston travels a relatively long distance, while the large piston only moves a short distnace. If, therefore, by a suitable arrangement of the necessary parts the large piston can be driven through a distance practically equal to that of the small piston without the necessity of increasing its initial force, it is evident that an accumulator will be obtained giving a very considerable gain in force and speed. This is what has been accomplished by the invention above referred to. It secures a great advantage in economy, and is applicable to the production of any kind of work.

In a steam engine the displacement of the piston necessitates the filling up at every stroke of an empty space, while in a hydraulic press the volume of displacement of the large piston must be filled with an equivalent volume of water. It is, therefore, clear that if the piston of a steam engine or of a hydraulic press could be displaced without the need of filling up the space created by the displacemen, the gain would be considerable. This highly desirable end is obtained in Corvisier's patent by the employment of a piston of special construction, of construction entirely different from that of any known piston, the piston not being made of metal, but of a pliable and deformal material, such as a tube, sleeve, or the like, of rubber, strengthened with layers or backings of canvas, so as to adapt it to withstand a high strain. Any material will serve the purpose, always provided it possesses the combined qualities of pliability and resistancy, and is capable of changing its form and returning to it again, according to the work effected. It is said that the new motor will soon be ready to be placed on the British market. The possibilities of its usefulness are stupendous, and its general adoption cannot fail to result in an immense saving to manufacturers in every one of the many important industries to which it can be applied. The inventon claims that it is capable of performing a twelve hours' continuous work on a consumption of 150 gallons of water. Every engineer will be able to judge what a saving is meant by this. The aero-hydraulic motor bids fair to supersede the use of steam power in a great number of cases, thus doing away with combustion and smoky chimneys.

Twenty-six Tuskegees.

There are at the present time, I am told, twenty-six schools for negroes in the South, which, though not formally connected in any way with the Tuskegee Institute, still, either because they were founded by graduates of Tuskegee or because their teaching force has been largely recruited from there, maintain their allegiance to the Tuskegee tradition, work in its spirit and extend the sphere of its usefulness.

Though beyond its gates, Tuskegee graduates are never therefore beyond sight and influence; it still exercises over them a sort of parochial control. The Rev. Robert C. Bedford, secretary of the Board of Trustees of the Tuskegee Institute, has recently returned from "a parochial visit" to graduates and former students of Tuskegee. Since October last he has traversed twelve States, visited seven institutions conducted by or with the assistance of Tuskegee graduates, and has brought back detailed reports of more than two hundred former students.

Of these reports those are most interesting which come from graduates who, with a rare devotion and under difficulties which it is hard for one not actually on the spot to comprehend, have established by their own efforts independent schools. Nothing in regard to these younger institutions is more hopeful than the fact that, in spite of the hardships under which these schools have been established, not one has been compelled to close its dors, and all have had to turn students from their doors.—Boston Transcript.

Adjusting the Rates.

The stage route from the Boston & Maine Railroad station at Meredith, N. H., to Center Harbor and Sandwich is one of the few remaining links of the system that formerly extended all over New England. Forty years ago John Little, of Laconia, N. H., was a driver on this route. One day a fussy individual approached him with numerous inquiries regarding the route and wound up by asking the rates of fare.

"Well," said John, "we charge $1 for first class, 75 cents for second and 50 cents for third class pasage."

The man looked over the stage and inquired where the third-class passengers were seated.

"Oh," said John, "sit anywhere; we don't make any difference about that," and thinking that he had struck a country crank, the man paid his 50 cents for a third-class passage.

Everything went smoothly until they reached the foot of one of the long hills which extend over nearly one-half of the distance, when the driver pulled up with the announcement: "First-class passengers will remain seated, second-class passengers will get out and walk, and third-class passengers will get out and push."—Boston Herald.

According to the figures compiled by the Publishers' Weekly, the number of new novels and volumes of stories published in the United States in 1904 was 1,007, nearly 200 more than were recorded in 1903. The number of new editions of fiction published in the same period was 814.

In France for the privilege of wearing men's trousers the government charges women a tax of about $10.

Chyo is the master of the tattooing art in Japan. Some of his pictures are said to be marvels.

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One of the Stages.

Over in New Hope, Ark., last week the farmers of Green county held a meeting of the Educational and Co-operative association for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention to be held in Hot Springs. Among the prominent men in attendance was Gen. N. Y. Crowley of Independence, who is making the race for railroad commissioner. While the session of farmers was under way a New Hope maid with musical talents in the bud opened up a piano across the way and began that process known as cultivating the voice.

"For goodness sake," exclaimed Gen. Crowley, "what noise is that?"

"Gently, General," exclaimed Will Burton of Caddo township, who had just been elected one of the delegates. "That noise is from a young lady who is having her voice cultivated."

"Cultivated, huh," said the general; "then it is evident the process of cultivation has reached the harrowing stage."—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Italy's Industrial Advance.

Not many people in the United States are fully aware of how rapidly Italy is advancing in industrial importance. In some way northern Italy has in the last ten years shown as promising development in an industrial way as is to be found anywhere in Europe. The never-failing water supply of the snow-topped mountains is being utilized by the electrical engineers in a way which promises to convert northern Italy into a great industrial state. Nowhere in Europe is there a population better fitted to aid in an industrial development. The people are dexterous, quick to learn and industrious, and up to the present time the general wage scale compares favorably with that of any competitors which they have to meet. The result of these favorable conditions has been, for instance, the development of the silk industry at a rate which sounds like statistics of American industrial growth.—Scribner's.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1.00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Lenker and daughter spent a few weeks with relatives at Lemont and Brisbin.

Ross Mowery and wife, of Carroll; Mr. and Mrs. Hammington and Jas. Mowery were pleasant visitors at the home of Mrs. Sara Leitzell last week.

Gurney Wert has gone to spend a few months with his uncle, James Wert, at Tusseyville

Mrs. Miles Arney, of Bellefonte, spent the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Gramley.

Edna and Ruth Weaver spent the greater part of last week with their grandparents here.

Miss Fannie Stover spent Saturday in Coburn, soliciting money for a pavement to the Reformed cemetery.

Miss Blanche Burd, who had been in Altoona for the past month, is visiting her mother.

Mrs. Sara Wyle is paying a visit to her son at Huntingdon.

The Citizens' band serenaded Mr. and Mrs. Pierce at the residence of the latter's mother, Mrs. Caroline Mayes. Mr. Pierce responded quite liberally.

Mrs. Sadie Wolfe and son, of Spring Mills, spent Wednesday night with the former's aged mother, Mrs. Maria Stambach.

Miss Clare Edmunds has returned to her home, having attended school here under Prof. Stover. Her many friends are sorry to have her leave.

Those who graduated in the Normal Bible class at the Sunday school convention at Millheim were: Rev. Lauffer and wife, Prof. Stover and wife, Mrs. Katie Philips, Misses Tammie and Mazie Haffley, Nellie Mingle, Ruth Swabb, Jennie Rupp and Maggie Weaver, Messrs. Ralph, Clymer and Lloyd Stover and Henry Krape.

Millheim.

Mrs. E. W. Mauck visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reighard, in Shamokin last week.

Mrs. Augustus Huey, formerly of this place, died at her home in Wehrum, Indiana county, and was brought here for interment.

Mrs. Chas. Bossler and son Glen, of Freeburg, are spending some time at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Spigelmyer.

Misses Ida Bishop and Mary Henry, of Milroy, arrived Sunday and will work in the Knitting Mill here.

Mrs. John Toner, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the home of her brother, Wm. Musser.

Mrs. Lydia Musser left Tuesday afternoon for West Union, Iowa, to spend a few months with her sons.

George Mensch attended the Democratic Convention at Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Malcolm P. Campbell, who has been staying at this place the last three years, went to Lewisburg to work for C. K. Sober.

Miss Marion Breon spent Sunday at the home of Nelson Wert, Aaronsburg.

Georges Valley.

James Faust, after spending several weeks at home, returned to Yeagertown Monday, where he is employed at carpentering.

Mrs. Frank Ripka, of Spring Mills, spent Memorial day with Mrs. William Ripka.

Mrs. James Faust and daughter, Mrs. Ackerman, visited at the home of Ray Miller on Sunday.

Mrs. Sankey and daughter Miss Edith, spent several days at State College.

The following attended the festival at Coburn Saturday evening: J. H. Wagner and family, Robert Finkle and wife, William Ripka and wife, Elmer Faust and Miss Jennie Barger, Harry Wagner and Miss Jennie Decker.

Miss Maude Wagner spent Tuesday night with Miss Rae Hautz at Spring Mills.

William Lingle and wife, Jake Auman and wife, and Mrs. Dunlap and children were visitors at the home of John Lingle, Sunday.

Mr. Wineman, of Bellefonte, was in this vicinity, Monday buying up sheep.

Samuel Bell, of Boalsburg, spent Thursday night in this valley.

Linden Hall.

The members of the U. E. church will hold a festival Saturday evening to which all are invited.

Saturday the pupils of the Boalsburg schools and a number of invited guests enjoyed a picnic in the mountains, at what is known as "Shutts Improvement."

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Homan entertained a large number of invited guests at their beautiful home, at Oak Hall, in honor of their oldest daughter, Miss Gertrude, who recently returned from Philadelphia. She was the recipient of many handsome and useful gifts, and the evening was enjoyed by all who were fortunate enough to be present.

John Carper lost one of his best horses Sunday night. The animal was found dead in the morning with a broken leg and other injuries which can not be accounted for.

Wm. H. Felding, a New York policeman, was an arrival Friday evening for a short visit at the home of his youth.

Wm. Catherman is enlarging his barn and otherwise improving his new property here.

Mrs. Ida McClellan and Miss Martha Tressler spent last week with their sister, Mrs. Andrew Long, at Spring Mills.

Mrs. Catherman has opened an ice cream parlor and will serve ice cream and cake every Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Goss and Miss Anna Musser spent Sunday with the family of J. H. Ross.

Mrs. Morris Miller came from Bellefonte for a week's visit at her mother's home.

At the Democratic primaries in Boalsburg Saturday A. E. Zeigler and Clyde P. Wieland were chosen delegates to the County Convention.

William Brooks invited a number of his neighbors to an old fashioned stone hauling on Thursday. All enjoyed the elegant dinner served by Mrs. Brooks in her usual hospitable manner.

Wallace White made a business trip to town Saturday evening.

Mrs. Philip Bradford and children returned Saturday from a week's visit to her parents.

James I. Ross, Leonard Wilson and William Raymond comprised a party who spent several days at Laurel Run fishing. They came back with about one hundred and fifty of the speckled beauties.

Rev. Sechrist, wife and daughter, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday evening at the home of Robert McClellan.

Mrs. Frank Royer, daughters Ruth and Elsie visited at the homes of John Harshbarger and John Bone last week.

The Evangelical Sunday school will hold a festival Saturday evening. All are invited.

Those who attended the Boalsburg High School the past eight weeks and are now enjoying a vacation are: Misses Mabel Kline and Irene Ross, Messrs. Earl and Charles Ross and Harry Keller.

Spring Mills.

Rev. and Mrs. McIlnay and daughter Marion are visiting in Hopewell, Bedford county. Rev. McIlnay was sent as a delegate from that lodge to the State convention of the I. O. O. F., and gave his report at this time.

Wm. Swarm, who is now a recruiting officer in Philadelphia, is spending a few weeks among friends and relatives here. He is a son of John Swarm, a former resident of this place.

Geo. Wolfe left for Uniontown last Friday morning, where he will be employed in putting up a new house for the Long Bros. Messrs. Fenstamaker and Sweetwood will follow shortly.

Geo. Musser, of Buena Vista, Va., accompanied by his little daughter Helen, arrived last Saturday to visit his father, David Musser, who is ill.

Benjamin Donachy, of Lewisburg, spent a few days at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Herring.

The members of the Lutheran Sunday school are preparing a Children's service to be rendered on the evening of June 18th. A Children's service will also be given by the M. E. Sunday school Sunday evening, June 11th.

Among those who attended the Sabbath school convention held in Millheim last week are: Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Royer, Mrs. Geo. Wolfe, Mrs. Gates Kennelley, Mrs. C. A. Krape, T. M. Gramley, Rev. G. W. McIlnay, Misses Carrie Gentzel, Annie Corman and Clara Decker.

Colyer.

Mrs. James Wert and son Sparr were to Bellefonte Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Cummings and childr n with her sister, Miss Carrie Frazier, spent Sunday at Dale Summit.

Miss Bertha Bradford, of Linden Hall, is making her grandparents a visit, in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jordan, of Colyer, and Mrs. Stuart Jordan and two sons, of Tusseyville, spent Sunday at Huyettville, the guests of B. F. Rickert.

Rev. Adam S. Bierly, of Port Trevorton, and J. S. Housman transacted business in Mifflin county.

John Kimport, of State College, was through this vicinity buying cattle.

James Runkle is the happiest man around since a boy came to his house.

Miss Sudie Bodtorf, of Milroy, is spending two weeks at home.

Harris Township.

Master Fred Weber while engaged at making ice cream on Saturday got one of his fingers fast in the cogs of the freezer and it was badly lacerated. Dr. Kidder, who is always ready in an emergency, dressed the wound.

John Osman is ill at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kuhn, at Shingletown. Mr. Osman was hurt while doing carpenter work on the barn of J. J. Tressler, at Cedar Creek.

Dr. J. C. Bowman, a professor in the Theological Seminary at Lancaster, was a guest at the Reformed parsonage for a few days. Sunday he filled the appointments for Rev. Black.

Mr. and Mrs. John From, of State College, spent a few days with friends in Boalsburg.

Prof. J. C. Bryson and wife, of Jersey Shore, are visitors at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. M. A. Woods.

Miss Sara McClenahan, of Centre Hall, is staying with the Misses Keller for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wagner, who came from their home in Altoona to attend the funeral of J. D. Wagner, spent a short time with Mrs. Wagner's parents, in Boalsburg.

Miss Mary Markle is visiting friends at Blue Ball.

Mrs. John Kline, of Spring Bank, visited here.

Those who attended the funeral of J. D. Wagner, at Bellefonte, Friday were: Rev. A. A. Black, who was one of the officiating clergymen; Mrs. Harriet Fortney, John Fortney and family, William Patterson and family, relatives of the deceased. Mr Wagner was a member of the Boalsburg I. O. O. F. and that Order was represented by Dr. L. E. Kidder, R. B. Harrison, C. P. Wieland, J. M. Wieland, N. W. Meyer, A. S. Allen, John Carper, Geo. Fortney, Frank Lohr, John Wright, John Raymond, Philip Bradford, Alfred Lee, J. Weibly, James Poorman and Frank Young.

The committee appointed to make arrangements for the annual June picnic have chosen Galbraith's Gap as the place, and Saturday, June 17th as the time. All who usually participate in this festivity please note.

The spring term of schools closed last week. Prof. R. U. Wasson's scholars, with some invited friends, enjoyed a basket picnic near the Galbraith home at the foot of Tussey Mountain, Saturday.

Mrs. George Fisher attended the funeral of her uncle, Charles Hine, (Blind Charlie, as he was familiarly called,) at Bellefonte, Thursday.

Mrs. J. H. Meyer is spending this week with friends in the vicinity of Bellefonte.

George Reeder, of Milesburg, and Mrs Eliza Sones, of Shingletown, were married at the U. E. parsonage, Bellefonte, last Wednesday morning, by Rev. W. B. Cox. They were welcomed to their home in the "Shingle City" by a band of calithumpians. This is the third matrimonial venture for each of the contracting parties, and the best wishes of the community are extended to them.

Harry Gilmer with his little daughters, Jessie and Pearl, spent Sunday at the home of Foster Shearer, near Zion.

June, the month of roses, brought a little flower girl to the home of Joseph Myers, at Sunny Summit. Charles From and family, of Axemann, called to see the little Miss on Sunday.

Misses Kathryn Dale and Mary Homan attended the Sunday school convention at Millheim, as delegates of the Lutheran Sunday school. H. M. Hosterman and Miss Beulah Fortney represented the Reformed school.

The school board met with the auditors for their annual settlement on Monday. The new board organized with R. B. Harrison, president; C. D. Moore, secretary, and D. W. Myer, treasurer.

Mr. and Mrs. Stover, of McBrides Gap, spent Sunday with their son Wm, in Boalsburg. Their grandson John returned home with them to spend the summer.

Mrs. Bartges and two little daughters, of Altoona, returned home Saturday, after spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Sweeney.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shirk spent Sunday with the family of John Lee, near Zion.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ryan and daughter Maude, Misses Minnie Cole, and Lou Ryan and Mr. Norris, of Bellefonte, spent the first day of the week with Mrs. Emma Fisher.

Several of the young people attended a surprise party given by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Homan, of Oak Hall, in honor of their daughter, Miss Gertrude, who is home from Philadelphia for a short vacation.

Several other graves in the Boalsburg cemetery have been marked. Joseph Kuhn has had a neat monument erected in memory of his wives, Mary Ann Kuhn, who died August 3, 1880, and Blanche Kuhn, Feb. 19. 1905. Also a granite monument was erected by William Dale, of Pleasant Gap, in memory of his wives, Rebecca Dale, who died May 2, 1864, and Mary M. Dale, Jan. 1, 1903.

The Children's day service in the Lutheran church was well attended, the recitations by the children were well rendered. The music, under the direction of the pastor, was a pleasing feature. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers and festoonings of red, white and blue. The children of the Orphan's Home at Lloysville were remembered.

George E. Stover in a Serious Condition.

George E. Stover is in a very serious condition as the result of a paralytic stroke received Wednesday morning. He had been in his usual health, and on that morning went to the barn to feed his stock, and shortly after was found prostrate on the floor in the horse entry. He was carried to the house and a physician, Dr Lee, was called.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCIAL STATEMENT—For Centre Hall Borough for the year ending June 5, 1905.

Whole number of schools	4
Number of teachers	4
Pupils enrolled	110
Average daily attendance	90
Number of mills levied for school purposes, 6; for building, ½	6½
Levied for school purposes, $854.50; building, $77.50	$ 932
Cost of each pupil per month	2 09

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT—MONEY RECEIVED

Balance on hand from last year	$ 105 36
State Appropriation	537 96
From Collector of Taxes	867 03
From Potter township	204 00
Private tuition	31 87
Total Receipts	$1746 22

TREA'S. ACCOUNT—MONEY PAID OUT.

Teachers' Wages	$1225 00
Teachers for attending institute	37 50
Repairs	67 11
Fuel	114 07
Text books	96 77
Supplies	46 88
Insurance, $15.40; Janitor, $56; incidentals, $8.63	80 03
Exonerations	6 90
[Fees of Collector, $31.56]	
Salary of Secretary, including postage, making out duplicate	20 00
Treasurer's Commission	25 00
Auditors' pay	4 00
Total Money Paid Out	$1723 26

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES

Cash on Hand	$ 22 96
Amount due for tuition	21 00

We hereby certify that we have examined the above and find it correct.

S. S. KREAMEM,
C. D. BARTHOLOMEW,
Auditors.

Witness our hand this 5th day of June, 1905.

D. A. BOOZER, President
S. W. SMITH, Secretary.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

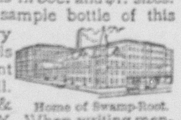
How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

PIANOS AND ORGANS . . . . .

THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.

. . . THE LAWRENCE . . .
7-OCTAVE ORGAN

is the only organ with the Saxaphone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.

C. E. ZEIGLER
SPRING MILLS.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite,
Don't fail to get my prices

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will not be in Centre Hall this week.

Cuban Diarrhoea.

U. S. soldiers who served in Cuba during the Spanish war know what this disease is, and that ordinary remedies have little more effect than so much water. Cuban diarrhoea is almost as severe and dangerous as a mild attack of cholera. There is one remedy, however, that can always be depended upon as will be seen by the following certificate from Mrs. Minnie Jacobs, of Houston, Texas: "I hereby certify that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured my husband of a severe attack of Cuban diarrhoea, which he brought home from Cuba. We had several doctors but they did him no good. One bottle of this remedy cured him, as our neighbors will testify. I thank God for so valuable a medicine." For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Why not advertise in the Reporter.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—In the matter of the estate of Sarah L. Fisher, late of Gregg township, deceased, letters testamentary cum testamento annexo upon said estate having been granted by the register of wills, etc., to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CHAS. W. FISHER,
Administrator c. t. a.,
Penn Hall Pa.

Spring Time in Florida and the South.

This is one of the most delightful seasons of the whole year to visit Florida and the famous resorts of Pinehurst, N. C., Camden, S. C., and others of the wonderful Southland, reached most directly by the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the shortest and quickest route between the North and South.

Three through Pullman trains daily, including the famous Seaboard Florida Limited, the quickest train ever operated between New York and Florida and without change of passengers or baggage. Winter excursion rates now in effect. Special stop-over privileges. Excellent Dining car service on all trains. Two trains daily to Atlanta for New Orleans, Birmingham and all points in the South-west.

Write for rates, schedules, illustrated booklets and other information.

J. J. PULLER, Dist. Pass. Agt.
1411 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

Found a Cure for Dyspepsia.

Mrs. S. Lindsay, of Fort William, Ontario, Canada, who has suffered quite a number of years from dyspepsia and pains in the stomach, was advised by her druggist to take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. She did so and says, "I find that they have done me a great deal of good. I have never had any suffering since I began using them." If troubled with dyspepsia or indigestion why not take these Tablets, get well and stay well? For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

THE GREAT HOUSE OF
Kuppenheimer & Co.
CHICAGO
Who Challenge Any Line of Clothing

The Swellest Neck-Wear from J. R. Keiser.
The Newest Styles of HATS, from Guyer and No Name Company.
Straw Hats in all widths of rim and heights of Crown.
Rain Coats and Top Coats.
Suit Cases and Trunks.

Merchant Tailoring Our Specialty
Suits made to order from $15 up.

Summer Goods in all Things that are used by Men and Boys.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

GROCERIES
Summer Goods
NOTIONS
In fact, we keep Everything to be had in a General Store.

...O. T. CORMAN...
SPRING MILLS

Ayer's Pills Sugar-coated, easy to take, mild in action. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	90
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	55

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	16
Potatoes	—	Eggs	15

DR. SMITH'S SALVE

CURES: Flesh Wounds, Ulcers, Felons, Carbuncles, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, White Swelling, Skin Eruptions, Fever Sores, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, Bunions, Chapped Hands, Etc., Etc. By Mail, 25c. DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall.

Build up your Strength with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE,

a pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

DEATHS.

WILLIAM L. SELLERS.

Death called from this world, on Monday evening, one of Harris township's most venerable and highly respected citizens in the person of William L. Sellers. Mr. Sellers had been in delicate health for some weeks, and yet the end came unexpectedly. The funeral services will be held from the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. E. Meyer, at Linden Hall, where the aged father spent the latter part of his life, this morning (Thursday.) Interment will be made at Boalsburg, and Rev. A. A. Black, of the Reformed church, pastor of the deceased, will officiate.

Mr. Sellers was born in Juniata county, in 1818, but before marriage, and while yet quite a young man, came to Centre county, locating at Oak Hall, and after his marriage to Miss Susan Johnston, began business at that point. He continued in the foundry business until shortly after the death of his wife, which occurred just twenty years ago, at which time he was succeeded in business by his son, Edward Sellers.

The deceased is survived by six children—James, who thirty years ago went west and located in Colorado, and later in New Mexico; William, of Pittsburg; Charles, of Downs, Kansas; Edward, Oak Hall; Mrs. Agnes Meyer, Linden Hall; Mary, wife of J. H. Weber, of Centre Hall.

The dead are Angeline, wife of Wm. Patterson, of Boalsburg; Lincoln and Walter Scott. The latter died in infancy.

JOHN MEESE.

John Meese, one of the best known residents of Benner township, died at his home at Roopsburg Saturday evening. He had been ailing for some time and his death was due to Bright's disease. He had been engaged in farming the greater portion of his life and was aged seventy-six years, eleven months.

MRS. MARY E. REASNER.

Mrs. Mary E. Reasner, the widow of Jacob Reasner, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jesse Cox, in Bellefonte, Monday morning. Death was due to paralysis from which she had been suffering for the past eight weeks. Her age was seventy-seven years.

DR. JOHN H. MULLEN.

Saturday evening at six o'clock Dr. John H. Mullen, one of Bellefonte's oldest native citizens passed away quite suddenly of heart failure. He was the son of Felix and Eliza Mullen and was born in that town September 22nd, 1832

Rebekah Officers Installed.

Miss Roxanna Brisbin, district deputy president, Tuesday evening installed the following officers of the Lady of the Valley Rebekah Lodge No. 263, I. O. O. F., Centre Hall:

Noble Grand, Edith Lutz; Vice Grand, Mrs. Kate Wilson; Secretary, Roxanna Brisbin; Treasurer, Mrs. Lucy Henney.

After installation the appointed committee served delicious refreshments.

Hall-Love.

Miss Cora Love, formerly of Tusseyville, was married to R. H. Hall, in Oklahoma, the latter part of May. The marriage took place in the home town of the Loves. The bride had been teaching Government school in Ashland, Indian Territory, for two years, and it was at that place where cupid shot his darts. The groom is president of the Bank of Ashland, capital stock $10,000, and in that thriving Indian Territory town the couple will reside. The Reporter and the bride's many friends in this valley extend congratulations to the groom and wish the couple a very happy life.

LOCALS.

Mrs. J. R. Secbrist and daughter, Miss Ethel, Tuesday afternoon went to Lock Haven, and before returning will stop at Howard.

Misses Rosa Yost and Ruth Smith, of Clairton, are being entertained at the home of J. T. Potter, west of Centre Hall. They expect to remain for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Davidson returned to Milroy after a brief visit to the family of John Snyder, east of Centre Hall. They will begin housekeeping at Milroy in a short time

Miss Gertrude Bartholomew, who for several years had been in the office of Wm. Ostrander, the Philadelphia real estate agent, is now in the office of H. J. Patton, son of Senator A. E. Patton, in Curwensville.

Mrs. J. F. Alexander, of Centre Hall, attended the commencement exercises at Bryn Mawr College, where Miss Anna Allison McCoy was one of the graduates. Before returning home, Mrs. Alexander will visit friends in Philadelphia and other points.

D. A. Grove, of College township, returned from the Democratic county convention Tuesday afternoon, and got down to business at once. Before night he bought and sold two car loads of wheat, the profit on which, he says, will pay his campaign expenses. He paid $100 for the wheat.

A GIRL'S NATURE.

Little Signs That, It Is Said, Reveal Phases of Character.

Much of a girl's nature is betrayed by the little act of brushing a speck off a man's coat. If she picks off the thread or imaginary bit of lint very carefully between the thumb and forefinger it is an indisputable sign that she is a woman of a very practical and executive character.

On the other hand, if a girl should brush the coat lapel of her fiance very softly and tenderly with the second and third finger of her hand in her endeavor to remove an invisible speck it is a sure sign that she is more sentimental than practical. The man who marries her will live in a continual atmosphere of romance and bad housekeeping.

There is still another type of girl who will brush the speck off a man's coat with a broad sweep of the hand in which all the fingers and thumb play a part. She is in all probability an athletic girl who excels at tennis, golf and the links and who will prove a high spirited, strong minded woman after marriage.

Then, again, the girl who puts a flower in a man's coat with her hand held jauntily upturned from the wrist and the flower held in the tips of her fingers is sure to be something of a coquette, while the maid who gives you only the tips of her fingers when she greets you in the drawing room or public street is probably an ambitious girl.—Chicago Journal.

Remarkable Smile.

Mr. Robert Pollok, a Scottish poet, while a student of theology once delivered a trial discourse before the Secession Divinity hall, Glasgow, the subject of which was "Sin." His manner of treating it was, in the opinion of his fellow students, rather bombastic, and at some passages there were audible symptoms of the amusement which they derived from Mr. Pollok's high flown phrases.

At last there came one flight of fancy which was so remarkable that the professor himself was fairly obliged to give way—and smiled. It was when the young preacher had reached a climax in his enumeration of the dreadful evils which sin had brought into the world.

"And had it not been for sin," remarked Mr. Pollok, with great vehemence of manner and tone, "had it not been for sin, the smile of folly had ne'er been seen upon the brows of wisdom."

Napoleon and His Hats.

It is interesting to note that the legend of the "petit chapeau" still exists. Frenchmen always refer to the headgear of the first Napoleon as "the little hat." This is because the hats worn by Bonaparte at Toulon, at Lodi, in Egypt, during the famous eighteenth Brumaire and at Marengo were all quite small. When the emperor became stouter he ordered his hatter to widen the brims of his headdress so as to be more becoming. As he became fat and "potbellied" and as his face became bigger and bigger his hats became broader and broader. For instance, the hat of Waterloo is thrice the size of the hat of Austerlitz. These facts are recorded in the inventories of the emperor's hatters, Poupard et Cie.—New York Tribune.

The Bed.

The bed is a bundle of paradoxes. We go to it with reluctance, yet we quit it with regret. We make up our minds every night to leave it early, but we make up our bodies every morning to keep it late.—Colton.

Forged a Check.

A young man giving his name as E. S. Derr forged a check in the sum of $48.22 on Jacob From, in this place.

Derr had been staying with From, and some time ago the two went to Bellefonte. They went to the clothing store of M. Fauble & Son, where From is said to have introduced Derr as his cousin. Monday Derr went to the Fauble store and made a purchase, and in payment presented a Penns Valley Bank check made payable to him (Derr) with From's name on it. The paper was accepted by Faubles and the difference between the purchase and the sum named on the check was paid to Derr. Later the check proved to be a forgery. Derr, in the meantime, came back to From's, and later disappeared.

Derr, from reports, has been known by several names heretofore, and represented having been from various towns in the west.

LOCALS.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bartholomew, is at the home of W. H. Bartholomew, in this place, having arrived from Philadelphia several days ago. It is her intention not to return to the city.

Albert E. Fugle, of Columbia, South Carolina, is being entertained by Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer. He is an undertaker and is associated with J. W. McCormick, son-in-law of Mr. Meyer. Mr. Fugle is a New Englander by birth, but went to South Carolina during the reconstruction period, and has lived there ever since. He is delighted with the natural scenery in Pennsylvania, and pleased to find good, loyal Democrats so plentiful in Penns Valley.

D. G. Fortney, of Tusseyville, was very much surprised the other day to find a fire in the clothes press in one of the rooms in his house. The flames were quickly extinguished, and little or no damage was done. The house had been left alone only for a few hours, and the Fortneys are of the opinion that the fire had been started by an enemy, with the hope of destroying their home.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Nominated a Ticket Tuesday that Will Win in November—Full Attendance of Delegates.

The Democratic convention Tuesday nominated a ticket that will win at the November election. The men chosen are in every way capable and fitted for the positions for which they aspire. The ticket nominated is as follows:

Sheriff—Ellis S. Shaffer, Miles
Treasurer—Dr. F. K. White, Philipsburg.
Recorder—John C. Rowe, (Second Term.)
Register—Harry J. Jackson, Bellefonte.
Commissioners—John L. Dunlap, Spring.
Calvin A. Weaver, Penn.
Auditors—James W. Swabb, Harris.
S. H. Hoy, Benner.
Coroner—Dr. P. S. Fisher, Walker.

There was almost a full attendance of delegates, most of whom were instructed to vote for the choice of the voters of the district represented by the delegate, which insured the ticket nominated to be the choice of the voters.

The convention was called to order by County Chairman H. S. Taylor, and after the call of the convention had been read the name of Dr. H. S. Braucht, of Gregg, was presented for permanent chairman. The ardent Democrat of Gregg, accepted the honor, unsolicited and unexpected, in a modest way, and called for nominations for the minor offices of the convention.

The first nomination made was for the office of sheriff. Mr. Shaffer being the only candidate for that office, the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for the delegates for that gentleman.

Dr. F. K. White and John D. Miller were nominated for the office of treasurer. The roll was called and the ballot announced thus:

White	51
Miller	29

According to party custom, the nomination for the office of recorder was given to John C. Rowe, for a second term, without a contest.

When nominations for the office of register were called, D. Wagner Geiss arose in the audience and thanked the voters for their support, and stated that it was his desire to withdraw his name as a candidate, and asked that the delegates instructed for him cast their votes for his opponent, Harry J. Jackson. On motion Mr. Jackson was nominated by acclamation.

The contest for the nomination for commissioner, in the convention like in the field, was good natured. Each candidate, except Mr. Neff, who withdrew, had a fair representation on the first ballot, four ballots being necessary to make the choice. The ballots:

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Dunlap	50			
Weaver	33½	37½	37½	48
Fry	29	22½	24	22
Grove	25	14½	19½	
Gramley	16½	5½		

For auditors the names of James W. Swabb, of Harris; J. W. Beck, of Howard, and S. H. Hoy, of Benner, were presented. The ballot:

Swabb	70
Hoy	50
Beck	38

For the nomination of coroner Dr. P. S. Fisher, of Zion, received forty-two votes and Dr. John Sebring, of Bellefonte, thirty-seven votes.

Capt. H. S. Taylor was unanimously reelected county chairman for the year beginning January, 1906.

The report of the committee on resolutions was then read by the chairman of the committee, Mr. Leathers. They endorsed the action of the state convention, condemned the state Republican machine, endorsed Representative John Noll, and pledged the united support of the party to the candidates nominated. A copy of these resolutions was not furnished the Reporter, consequently this brief report.

Col. J. L. Spangler, Senator Heinle and others were called on to make addresses, which they did.

The ticket nominated gives general satisfaction to the Democrats in Centre county, but is not the ticket that would have been named by the Republicans. The several candidates who failed to secure places on the ticket have their support to the party and the candidates nominated, thus volunteering to give to others just what they themselves would have asked under similar circumstances.

The preliminary canvass on the part of the several candidates was conducted in the most gentlemanly way, and it may be safe so say that not one candidate entertains ill feelings against a competitor or the party.

The Reporter at this time omits any reference to the special fitness of the candidates nominated on Tuesday, except to say that they are worthy the support of every Democratic voter in Centre county for reasons other than that they are staunch Democrats.

Marriage Licenses.

Frank E. Miller, Bellefonte.
Lizzie Hoy, Pleasant Gap.

Wm. A. Peters, Philipsburg.
Annie M. Thompson, Philipsburg.

Don't count your chickens until they are in the pot.

There are ten million babies in the world, one is the cutest.

Some people are bored to death, and yet there is a Board of Health.

It is often hard to keep up our interest in things, especially mortgages.

Drilling on a Standstill.

Dilling at the oil well is on a standstill until dry pipe can be secured. The sides of the well have been falling in continually. The dry pipe is used as a shield. The pipe are expected at any time, and as soon as they arrive work will be resumed.

Carl Anderson, one of the well drillers, was struck on the head by the shoe on the spudding rope, and narrowly escaped being killed.

Hon. S. J. Hauna, of Colorado Springs, Colorado, the Scientist lecturer, was the guest of W. H. Bartholomew, of Centre Hall, beginning of this week.

Instructions to Delegates.

The following table gives the instructions o the various delegates to the Democratic convention. The footings of the instructions will not correspond to any of the ballots, because of the uninstructed delegates, whose choice is not represented.

DISTRICTS	WHITE	MILLER	JACKSON	GEISS	DUNLAP	FRY	WEAVER	GRAMLEY	GROVE	NEFF
Bellefonte, N. W	3	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
" S. W	3	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
" W. W	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Philipsburg, 1 W	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
" 2 W	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
" 3 W	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Centre Hall	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Howard	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Millheim	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Milesburg	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
South Philipsburg	Uninstructed									
Unionville	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
State College	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...
Benner, N. P	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
" S. P	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Boggs, N. P	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1
" E. P	Uninstructed									
" W. P	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Burnside	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
College	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...
Curtin										
Ferguson, E. P	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
" W. P	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Gregg, N. P	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
" E. P	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
" W. P	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Haines, E. P	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
" W. P	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Halfmoon	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Harris	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Howard	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Huston	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Liberty, E. P	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...
" W. P	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Marion	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Miles, E. P	1	...	...	1	...	...	½	...	½	...
" M. P	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3
" W. P	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Patton	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
Penn	4	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
Potter, N. P	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...
" S. P	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
" W. P	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Rush, N. P	Uninstructed									
" E. P	"									
" S. P	"									
Snow Shoe, E. P	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
" W. P	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Spring, N. P	Uninstructed									
" S. P	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
" W. P	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Taylor	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Union	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Walker, E. P	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
" M. P	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
" W. P	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Worth	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...

The three precincts in Rush instructed for Dunlap.

East Boggs instructed for Neff.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 28, 1905.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.05 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Phillipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Emporium, Tyrone, Clearfield, Phillipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.29 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
P M	A M	P M	STATIONS.	P M	A M	P M
1 38	5 40	5 32	Montandon	8 05	9 15	4 45
1 48	6 30	5 40	Lewisburg	7 55	9 05	4 35
1 55	6 38	5 48	Biehl	6 26	8 58	4 27
2 00	6 42	5 52	Vicksburg	6 20	8 53	4 22
2 08	6 50	6 00	Mifflinburg	6 10	8 45	4 14
2 20	7 02		Millmont		8 33	4 02
2 28	7 09		Glen Iron		8 26	3 54
2 59	7 40		Paddy Mountain		8 00	3 25
3 10	7 50		Coburn		7 50	3 15
3 16	7 57		Zerby		7 43	3 06
3 26	8 05		Rising Springs		7 35	2 58
3 32	8 11		Penn Cave		7 28	2 51
3 38	8 18		Centre Hall		7 22	2 44
3 45	8 24		Gregg		7 17	2 38
3 52	8 31		Linden Hall		7 10	2 31
3 56	8 55		Oak Hall		7 06	2 26
4 00	8 29		Lemont		7 02	2 22
4 04	8 43		Dale Summit		6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52		Pleasant Gap		6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55		Axemann		6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00		Bellefonte		6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.05 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

A friend in need is all right, if he doesn't need too much.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	5
PM.	P. M	AM	Ar. Lv.	AM	AM	PM
6 30	12 50	8 50	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 15	3 00
6 10	12 40	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 35	10 20	3 07
6 07	12 37	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 38	10 23	3 12
6 03	12 35	8 35	.....Stevens.....	6 43	10 27	3 17
6 00	12 31	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 46	10 30	3 21
5 55	12 28	8 28	..... Fillmore.....	6 50	10 34	3 26
5 50	12 24	8 24	.....Briarly.....	6 55	10 40	3 32
5 45	12 20	8 20	.....Waddles.....	7 00	10 45	3 35
5 27	12 07	8 07	.....Krumrine.....	7 12	10 57	3 50
5 20	12 00	8 00	...State College..	7 25	11 10	4 05
4 30		7 45	.....Struble.....	7 27		4 10
4 25		7 40	....Bloomsdorf....	7 31		4 15
4 20		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		4 20

Sprained Ankle, Stiff Neck, Lame Shoulder.

These are three common ailments for which Chamberlain's Pain Balm is especially valuable. If promptly applied it will save you time, money and suffering when troubled with any one of these ailments. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville: F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Hazell-Shaffer Reunion.

A reunion of the Hazell and Shaffer families will be held on Grange Park, Centre Hall, Wednesday, June 14. The Penn Hall band will furnish the music. Ex-Senator Heinle and others will make addresses.

Many a man has gone to the wall in Wall street.

The laxative effect of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets is so agreeable and so natural that you do not realize it is the effect of a medicine. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Ayer's

Sometimes the hair is not properly nourished. It suffers for food, starves. Then it falls out, turns prematurely gray. Ayer's Hair Vigor is a

Hair Vigor

hair food. It feeds, nourishes. The hair stops falling, grows long and heavy, and all dandruff disappears.

"My hair was coming out terribly. I was almost afraid to comb it. But Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly stopped the falling, and also restored the natural color."
MRS. E. G. E. WARD, Landing, N. J.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Poor Hair

D. A. BOOZER
...SADDLER...
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Before you buy, take a look through the only completely stocked Harness Shop in Penns Valley. You can see anything in the Harness line. The goods and prices can not be beaten. . . .

HARNESS

We always have in stock a full and complete line of Harness, both for heavy and light use, hand and factory made. Also, collars, bridles, lines, tie straps, halters, rings, buckles, etc. In fact, everything needed in the saddelry line

A FEW PRICES

Raw Hide Whips	20 Cts.
Heavy Draught Collars	$1.00 and up
Brown and White Sweat Pads for Heavy Work	25 Cts.
Heavy Wooden Hames	50c, 75c, $1.00
Harness Oil	60c per Gallon
Trace Chains	70 Cts.
Buggy Harness	$9.00

BUGGIES and CARRIAGES

Get my prices on No. 1 Mifflingburg Buggies and Carriages. I can and will save money for you. Offer you second hand Buggies at Five Dollars and up.

Stock Food—The best on the market, 5 Cents per Lb.

A Full Line of Dr. Daniels' Remedies. . . .

BEFORE MAKING YOUR PURCHASE call to see me, look over the stock and get prices.

Summer DRESS Goods

If you are thinking of buying a new dress, you cannot afford to do so before examining our new and most complete line of Summer Dress Goods. Never before has such a line of Dress Goods been offered to the public in this town.

BARGAINS WHICH MEAN BUSINESS

Mousseline in Pink, White and Black . .	28c a yard
Soiesette in Black and White . .	30c a yard
Knicker Zephyr in Pink . . .	15c a yard
Batiste, White Dot in Black . . .	15c a yard

Kreamer and Son

CENTRE HALL, PA.

H. F. ROSSMAN

Summer Goods

We have just received a lot of Summer Goods—Linens, Lawns, Nainsook, Batiste, Longcloth, and many of the New Styles.

Ladies' Embroidered Shirt Waist Patterns, all over net and embroidered in black and white.

Laces, Insertions and many new Trimmings. Full Lime of Hose in black, tan and white. Fancy Half Hose for men and boys

Underwear for Men and Boys. Ladies' Underwear in Cambric, Muslin and Gauze. Ladies' Ready Made Wrappers.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

New BINDER TWINE
White CLOVER SEED

F. E. WIELAND
Linden Hall, Pa.

Asks all Farmers who will need Binder twine to place their orders at once with him. The twine just arrived and the price is right. He has also on hand White Clover Seed, Lawn Grass Seed, Etc. Highest prices paid for Baled Hay, Baled Straw, Grain and Potatoes.

Lawn GRASS SEED
Wanted- BALED HAY, Etc.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills.

J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

Cost and Time of Trip to a Star.

"Let us suppose a railway to have been built between the earth and the fixed star Centauri," said the lecturer. "By a consideration of this railway's workings we can get some idea of the enormous distance that intervenes between Centaurus and us.

"Suppose that I should decide to take a trip on this new aerial line to the fixed star. I ask the ticket agent what the fare is, and he answers:

"'The fare is very low, sir. It is only a cent each hundred miles.'

"'And what, at that rate, will the through ticket one way cost?' I ask.

"'It will cost just $2,750,000,000,' he answers.

"I pay for my ticket and board the train. We set off at a tremendous rate.

"'How fast?' I ask the brakeman, 'are we going?'

"'Sixty miles an hour, sir,' says he, 'and its a through train. There are no stoppages.'

"'We'll soon be there, then, won't we?' I resume.

"'We'll make good time, sir,' says the brakeman.

"'And when will we arrive?'

"'In just 48,663,000 years.'"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Dusky Potentate's Coronation.

Reports have reached Paris lately of a picturesque ceremony which was performed at Luang-Prabang, Indo-China, in crowning Sidoyang as king. The ceremony of placing the crown on the head of the native ruler was performed by the French representative at Saigon, acting in his official capacity. The king appeared in an abbreviated costume, which consisted entirely of a kerchief. He was borne smiling to a throne six stories high, which was ornamented with rich gems. The king was carried by thirty-two heralds. He descended into the water, and when he emerged donned a cloth of gold tunic and golden sandals. The French official then advanced and solemnly placed the bejeweled crown on his head, proclaiming him as King Sidoyang in the name of the French republic.

Chair Carved From Wood.

Among the curiosities recently presented to the Maritzburg museum, in South Africa, is a chain 23 feet 6 inches long, carved from the trunk of a tree by Knobnose natives, a tribe in the Zoutspanberg district, Transvaal. The chain is continuous, requiring phenomenal patience and skill in carving.

Railroad Rate Legislation.

Testifying before the Senate Committee at Washington, Interstate Commerce Commissioner Prouty said in discussing the proposition to give that commission the power to regulate railway rates:

"I think the railways should make their own rates. I think they should be allowed to develop their own business. I have never advocated any law, and I am not now in favor of any law, which would put the rate making power into the hands of any commission or any court. While it may be necessary to do that some time, while that is done in some States at the present time, while it is done in some countries, I am opposed to it. The railway rate is property. It is all the property that the railway has got. The rest of its property is not good for anything unless it can charge a rate. Now it has always seemed to me that when a rate was fixed, if that rate was an unreasonable rate, it deprives the railroad company of its property pro tanto. It is not necessary that you should confiscate the property of a railroad; it is not necessary that you should say that it shall not earn three per cent. or four per cent. When you put in a rate that is inherently unreasonable, you have deprived that company of its rights, of its property, and the Circuit Court of the United States has jurisdiction under the fourteenth amendment to restrain that. I have looked at these cases a great many times, and I can only come to the conclusion that a railroad company is entitled to charge a fair and reasonable rate, and if any order of a commission, if any statute of a State Legislature, takes away that rate, the fourteenth amendment protects the railway company."

SPECTRE OF EDITOR APPEARED.

Subordinate Notified of Death by a Ghostly Visitation.

That there are more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in his philosophy is the experience of Charles K. Melville, managing editor of the Morning Republican at Chester, Pa. Until recently he filled the chair of city editor of the morning paper, but during the illness of Victor H. Klett, the managing editor, he performed the duties of that desk.

After sending the last edition to press a morning or two ago, he left for his home on Madison street, which he reached at 4 o'clock in the morning. Just as he was removing his clothes, preparatory to getting into bed, a shadowy figure came before his eyes.

Thinking it was but the vague creation of a weary brain he was about to turn out the gas light when the figure of Mr. Klett appeared at the foot of the bed, lingered a moment, then vanished.

"Klett is dead," said Mr. Melville as the spectre disappeared.

When he reached the office at noon the next day Mr. Melville was not at all surprised to find a bulletin announcing the death of the late chief, with the further fact that he had passed away at 4 o'clock.

A few days before this incident William Moore, a young man, died at the Croser hospital. Just before he died he rose upon his bed. His face lighted with a smile, and, exclaiming, "Why, there's mother," he passed away. His mother died thirteen years ago.

FARM AND GARDEN

CHOOSING A WORK HORSE.

Look for weight and quality. The market, when it talks about a draft horse, means a horse that when he is in good condition weighs 1,600 pounds or more, and the more weight, when quality goes with it, the higher price he will bring. The horse of the draft type that weighs less than 1,600 pounds drops into such classes as chunks, and down to 1,200 or 1,300 pounds they are called chunks. If pretty, trim and active, nervy and nicely finished, with style, he will come into the class of expresser, fire department horse, etc., for which there is more and more demand, but they must be choice and full of nerve. Then there is the busser, which they use on busses in foreign countries, and to some extent in this country. There is a demand growing up for these smaller horses of the draft type.

I learned a little adage when I was a boy that has saved me some money in dealing with horses, and that is this: "No feet, no horse." When I judge a horse, when I buy a horse, when I look at a sire to use for breeding purposes, I really look down at his feet first, then I look up at his top lines, and then at the fat on his body.

You may buy a horse that is not quite perfect in body and his top lines, and with plenty of care and corn and clover hay and some molasses if necessary (if you are going to let the other fellow have him pretty soon), you can fill up the weak places in his body, but I have never found any way of filling up the places in his heels or his hoofs. So, starting at his feet, I want a high, strong heel; a heel that will not spring as that horse moves along on the road, I want a full, plump, well rounded foot, not too narrow at the heel and not too wide, with a good tough shell upon it, and that shell thick and well fastened to the body of the hoof. I want a properly sloping pastern, that is, a pastern that slopes possibly at an angle of forty-five degrees, or if you drop a plumb line down the center of the leg, so that your plummet will fall a little behind the heel. When your horse travels upon the road and strikes upon the hard surface, either at a walk or trot, the jarring on a straight pastern goes from joint to joint, from tendon to tendon clear up the leg, but if there is a springiness in that pastern between the first two joints, that jar goes no further than the first joints. Again, when we are speaking about the pastern on the hind leg, if it is a straight pastern, and you put that horse to a hard pull, the tendons naturally harden up and shorten up with the hard work, and pretty soon you will have a horse that knuckles over, and he cannot pull as much as if he had some slope to that pastern.

A clean, fat leg, showing the tendons standing out, and, if he is the class of horse that carries hair on the legs, then be sure that the hair covering upon the leg is soft, silky and wavy, not the short, kinky kind. The silky, wavy hair indicates a good quality of flinty bone underneath and a short, kinky hair indicates a coarse porous quality of bone underneath that covering.—George McKerrow in the American Cultivator.

HINTS FOR SMALL GARDENS.

My first advice will be a large "Don't." Don't plant anything in hills. Plant level and evenly. Corn, beans, cucumbers—all should be planted level and at an even depth in each row, and not in hills. The old-fashioned method of forming a hill and then planting corn in it should be abandoned. Beans should be planted level also, and the line should be even so that each bean seed will have the same depth. As soon as the seed comes up the hoeing should begin. There should be three hoeings.

The average city man who has a small place in the suburbs will be sure to raise string beans. It is a mistake to plant these in a hill row. Plant beans in a level row. I have had the best results by going down on my hands and knees and raking the bottom of the line level before putting in the seed. In this way the beans start together, and come up together. If one seed is planted half an inch deeper than another seed the two will come up unevenly, and the one up first will crowd the other. Let any gardener try planting beans at an even depth without hilling the row, and he will never go back to the old way.

Don't drop seeds at random. If two seeds lie on top of each other they will dwarf each other. Plant seeds so that each root will have room to grow without crowding the root of its neighbor.

While it is not desirable to plant any seeds thick, even in hot bed, beets are a possible exception. For the small garden I always plant beets thick, thin out for greens or transplant. I astonished some Long Island farmers last summer by transplanting beets among my corn. The corn has had its last hoeing, and one wet day in June I went out in a shower and transplanted the corn full of beets. The wiseacres said these beets would amount to nothing. I broke the leaves off each plant so as to leave only two inches of stalk with the roots. Then I made a hole with a sharp stick so deep that the root would not be bent, put a beet in a hole and pressed the earth about it with my fingers. Of course, the corn held them back so that they did not do well until it was cut late in the summer. Then they made up for lost time. I left them out until a light frost, and put bushels of them in the cellar for winter use. They were the largest, sweetest beets I ever tasted.

Rutabaga turnips may be transplanted in the corn about July 1 in the same way, and they will astonish the gardener by their size in the fall. Turnips are not fit to eat until they have felt an early frost.

Lastly, let me emphasize my "Don'ts." Don't plant anything in a hill. Don't put seeds too close together. Don't forget to hoe often.—Long Island Farmer.

POULTRY HINTS.

best disinfectants for the poultry yard.

Ducks may be advantageously raised on many farms where they have never yet been tried.

Young geese are not good breeders.

Goose eggs do not hatch well when shipped quite a distance.

Young ducks should be kept away from swimming water until they are well feathered.

A goose yields about $1 a year in feathers, the market price being about 40 to 50 cents a pound.

Soft shelled eggs are seldom found where hens are supplied with cracked bone or small bits of oyster shells.

Poultry is raised on 88.8 per cent of the farms in the United States. It would be interesting to know what per cent use high grade fowls.

Chicks raised in late spring and mid-summer can be made to lay by February if they are given some meat in their daily ration.

Many failures with incubators are due largely to ignorance in those trying to run them. In this, as in everything else, a person must learn how.

Above all things look out for lice and mites. These are the great enemies of our poultry and destroy more birds, old and young, than any disease.

Avoid high perches. They cause bumble foot and other injuries. Breast bones are often injured by having round perches. They should be flat.

Cleanliness is the keynote of health. Nothing will breed sickness so quickly as filth, and it is very easy to have the henhouse become filthy.

The government census for 1904 gave the following poultry figures for guinea hens, 333,598,085; turkeys, 6,599,367; geese, 5,676,863, and ducks, 4,807,358. Aggregate values of poultry raised in 1899, $136,891,877.

The breeding birds should not be kept in the same flock with the ones that are being fitted for market. After a certain age the birds that are to be fattened should be separated from the others.

TOMATO CULTURE.

It has been our experience that tomato plants should be set early to do the best. A week, very often, makes a big difference in the ripening of the fruit. It makes several weeks in the fruit, which is a big thing when one wants early tomatoes to sell for a fancy price. One year we broke up our old strawberry patch after we had harvested a good crop of berries from it and planted it in tomatoes. We planted another patch two weeks, or a little more, before and thought the patch set last would be that much later in ripening. We had a good stand of plants and we made large bushes loaded with tomatoes. From the first patch we gathered ripe tomatoes for about a month. The last planting made very few ripe tomatoes and after the frost the ground was covered with green tomatoes. The last planting made very few ripe tomatoes and after the frost the ground was covered with green tomatoes. The soil was rich, perhaps a little too rich for the tomatoes, and they made wine instead of ripening up the fruit.

The most tomatoes were grown upon some chaffy ground. The vines took the blight towards the first of the season which caused them to ripen up early. By the time frost came they were nearly gone, and very few were lost on that soil. The tomatoes were not as large as those on heavier ground. To be successful with the tomato one must set the plants out early, so they will have plenty of time to grow before frost.—C. B. in the Indiana Farmer.

Infant Mortality.

The German imperial labor organ, Reichsarbeitsblatt, has compiled comparative statistics showing the death-rate among infants under one year old in seven great industrial nations of the world. In order of mortality they stand thus: Germany, Austria, Great Britain, Switzerland, Austria, United States and France. In Germany the percentage death rate is given as 34.5; in Great Britain, 26.6; in Italy, 25.8; in the United States, 19.2; and in France, 15. The averages for the years 1901 and 1902.

LIGHT COLORS.

In closing a gown it is frequently necessary that the color must not be too dark and the jacket should be so made that the interlining may be easily ripped out when the days become warmer.

If the costume is intended for smart wear—and one can usually struggle along in some way with a shabby morning gown provided the afternoon dress be in good condition—the color may be as light as consistent with the various purposes for which it is intended. There are few shades which are considered too light to be worn during the day, although if one expects to walk at all in the street or go about to any extent in public conveyances dark colors are always in better taste, besides being so much less perishable. Once in the house or theatre, however, one no longer feels conspicuous, no matter how light her gown, so that if there is a carriage always at one's disposal light shades are really most fashionable.

Blue is to be worn in innumerable shades. There is any quantity of new tones that have been lately brought to light—as is always the case when a color has a sudden rush for popularity—and there are some few shades that have lately been forgotten and are once again put on the market among the "new" colors. Navy blue, turquoise, electric blue, sapphire, pastel and a hundred others all are popular, and one need only choose a shade according to how becoming it may be. Blue is essentially a blonde's color, but in the number of shades now to be had there are many which are even more peculiarly becoming to the brunette.

Exceedingly pretty is a French model in deep pastel blue cloth. The skirt and coat are of broadcloth and the waist is of blue silk of exact shade. The waist is made in the stiff Directoire style, with lace collar and V-shaped yoke, the material draped over the bust with a shirred band of ruching down the center. The upper part of the sleeves consists of two puffs of silk, while below the elbow are deep cuffs formed of stiff gathered ruffles of lace. Just about the yoke is a strap of the cloth embroidered in French dots. The wide girdle is gathered and fastened in back, finished with three large steel buttons. Down the center of the back of the waist runs a band of shirring. The skirt is simply a full plaited model with plenty of fullness from belt to hem. The jacket is short with a wide silk girdle and silk revers edged with lace. The sleeves are very much like those on the waist, having two cloth puffs above deep cuffs of lace made like those on the waist. The hat for this charming little costume is a large Charlotte Corday model in blue velvet with stuff silk ruffles faced with lace.—Washington Times.

FASHION HINTS.

For parasols intended for fete or carriage wear there are many embroidered and hand painted chiffon and lace applique designs. A beautiful example has a Dresden center with white chiffon shirrings and drapings, and another one of chiffon is adorned with French medallions. Taffeta with narrow cord tuckings and a chiffon ruche on the edge characterized a less pretentious parasol.

Of laces there is seemingly no end, and of the imitation laces many are so well made as to be scarcely distinguishable from the hand made varieties; especially is this a noteworthy fact as regards Irish lace, and even point and Duchesse. Raised effects characterize many of the new laces—shows the petals of the floral design heavily padded with cotton. The groundwork is a fine net, and there is a Venise introduction that adds to its beauty. Insertions and edgings of all widths are procurable in this lace.

Properly shaped, the bertha is a thing of beauty, and its variety adapts it to both stout and thin figures.

A bertha of real lace, or even of one of the beautiful imitation laces, will add a distinctive touch to the plainest bodice, and will be equally effective on a dressy model. Berthas of circular shaping lend themselves to particularly graceful arrangements.

There are pretty belts of embroidered linen, and many of them are made to match the collar and cuffs. Pearl buckles, oval, round or square, are the correct device to use with them. All styles are worn, the plaited, crush or very narrow flat effects being equally modish.

Among recent importations are exquisite ready-made yoke and collar pieces formed of lace and embroidery, or several kinds of lace in combination.

HOW TO LIVE LONG.

Prof. Boyd Laynard, of London, England's leading author of works on hygiene, gives these twelve rules for those who desire to live a healthy and long life:

1. Avoid every kind of excess, especially in eating and drinking.

2. Do not live to eat. Select those aliment most suitable for nourishing the body and not those likely to impair it.

3. Look upon fresh air as your best friend. Inhale its life-giving oxygen as much as possible during the day, while at night sleep with the bedroom window open at the top for a space of at least four or five inches. Follow this out even in the depth of winter. It is one of the great secrets of long life.

4. Be clean both in mind and body. "Cleanliness is next to godliness." It is a fortification against disease.

5. Worry not nor grieve. This advice may seem but cold philosophy, and to be easier to give than to follow; nevertheless, I have known persons of a worrying disposition almost entirely break themselves of it by a simple effort of the will. Worry kills.

6. Learn to love work and hate indolence. The lazy man never becomes a centenarian.

7. Have a hobby. A man with a hobby will never die of senile decay. He has always something to occupy either mind or body; therefore, they remain fresh and vigorous.

8. Take regular exercise in the open air, but avoid overexertion.

9. Keep regular hours, and insure sufficient sleep.

10. Beware of passion. Remember that every outbreak shortens life to a certain degree, while occasionally it is fatal.

11. Have an object in life. A man who has no purpose to live for rarely lives long.

12. Seek a good partner in life, but not too early.—New York World

MILLINERY.

Black and whites hats in handsome models are more favored this season than ever before, and although this is a season of color, all smart women have at least one black and white hat. The color line noticeably runs from cherry and poppy reds out to the palest tone of rose and pastel pinks, from dahlia purple to the faintest mauve; through Dresden and Saxe to cell, pastel and snow blues; from strong moss green to the palest tone of the color, and in browns from the very dark and golden hues, although several yellow tones out to ecru. The absence of grays up to this time is marked, but they are very likely to come out later.

The flower combinations are all that can be desired, and for women who like all kinds of flowers on the one hat there are innumerable ways and designs with which flowers might be well used. Some of the shapes which turn up at the back have a veritable flower garden for their decoration. One red rose, one carnation, several sprays of lilies of the valley, pernaps a yellow flower and a few green leaves are all embanked together, not to say anything of the ribbon, which may be of an entirely different color. There are evidently two ways for dressing nowadays, and that is to have everything match and not have anything alike. Before the end of the season women become rather tired of the one color scheme, and they are pleased to wear something which contrasts. The large hat is indeed extinct. Women have had their fill of these and they have gladly relinquished all claim on the picture hat even for evening or important occasions. The vogue has lasted a remarkably long time, but with the passing of the pompadour it was sure to follow.

BRUSH TALK.

Among her toilet accessories every woman must count at least five brushes as essential to being well groomed, and there are many women who have as many a eight, and each one is very frequently used. The five indispensable brushes are for the hair, nails, teeth, clothes and shoes, and then can be added a soft brush for the hat, an eyebrow brush and a camel's hair flesh brush.

It is not necessary to have them silver backed. The plain-backed ones are just as effective as long as they are kept clean. Turtle back ebony is one of the finest backings in the market for a hair brush. It cannot hold first place for beauty, but its durability has no equal.

Jewelers rival one another in their display of beautifully mounted brushes. Many are backed with gold and a few are set with precious stones. The wealthy women of today take great pride in their boudoir sets, and nothing is too elaborate or too expensive for their dainty sanctums. Hammered brass studded with old Egyptian gems in antique designs makes an odd but very heavy backing. Some combs also have this mounting. The carved ivory brush is always pretty, and it is the daintiest of all. There are many women who prefer this to any other, as the colorings of their rooms are delicate and these carry out the effect.—Newark Advertiser.

Roasted.

A local merchant asked a Salina editor to roast the city administration for letting an itinerant peddler come in there and undersell him on goods. This is what the editor wrote: "City dads, you will hereby take notice that you are roasted for permitting peddlers to sell goods here. The merchant for whom we do this favor has his job printing done in Chicago."

MISS MARIA DUCHARME.

Everywoman in America is Interested in This Young Girl's Experience.

MISS MARIA DUCHARME,
182 St. Elizabeth St.,
Montreal, Can.

PELVIC CATARRH WAS DESTROYING HER LIFE. PE-RU-NA SAVED HER.

Miss Maria Ducharme, 182 St. Elizabeth street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I am satisfied that thousands of women suffer because they do not realize how bad they really need treatment and feel a natural delicacy in consulting a physician.

"I felt badly for years, had terrible pains, and at times was unable to attend to my daily duties. I tried to cure myself, but finally my attention was caused to an advertisement of Peruna in a similar case to mine, and I decided to give it a trial.

"My improvement began as soon as I started to use Peruna and soon I was a well woman. I feel that I owe my life and my health to your wonderful medicine and gratefully acknowledge this fact."—Maria Ducharme.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Water freezes every night throughout the year at Alto Crucero, in Bolivia, while at noonday the sun is hot enough to cause actual suffering.

For every shark captured in the Adriatic fishermen are to receive bounties ranging from $2 to $200.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

One hundred lives were lost in making the Simplon tunnel.

Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers.

If you have offensive pimples or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, skin itches and burns, sore lips or gums, eating, festering sores, sharp, gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginnings of deadly cancer. You may be permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) made especially to cure the worst blood and skin diseases. Heals every sore or ulcer, even deadly cancer, stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood troubles, such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula. Druggists, $1 per large bottle, 3 bottles $2.50, 6 bottles $5, express prepaid. To prove it cures, sample of Blood Balm sent free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in sealed letter.

Though Fifty-five.

it all turns on will and exercise. Before going to sleep a few exercises should be gone through with open windows, inhaling the good fresh air. A step ladder to run up and down is a great incentive to health; wind exercises, rotatory motions, all keep the body lissom, and prevent stoutness. Then diet has to be considered; too much liquid should never be taken with meals; too much meat is bad. There is nothing better for the figure than household work. It takes a great deal to persuade an ordinary woman that it is continuing these things that make a success of it, not starting them and then leaving them to fate.—Chicago Post.

COMPLETELY RESTORED.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. When I finished the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills I felt like a different woman. I continued until I had taken five boxes. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Youngster Had Much Fun.

Cyrus Knight caused a great deal of disturbance among the people of Great Barrington, Vt., one night last week by imitating the fire whistle. He accomplished the trick by his own lung power aided by a phonograph horn, and the imitation was so perfect that people left stores and residences to find out where the fire was. He sounded no particular number, which added greatly to the perplexity of the situation. Cyrus is, of course, a 10-year-old.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock made public the following increases and decreases in the salaries of postmasters in Pennsylvania: Conneaut Lake, $1000 to $1100; East Brady, $1600 to $1400; Knox, $1100 to $1200; Leetsdale, $1100 to $1000; Linesville, $1200 to $1300; Littlestown, $1400 to $1500; Mansfield, $1800 to $1700; Marysville, $1400 to $1100; Mercer, $1900 to $2000; Middletown, $2100 to $2000; Monongahela, $2300 to $2400; Morrisville, $1200 to $1300; Myerstown, $1400 to $1500; New Bethlehem, $1600 to $1700; Newtown, $1500 to $1600; North Clarendon, $1400 to $1200; Osceola Mills, $1500 to $1600; Parnasses, $1300 to $1200; Pencoyd, $1700 to $1200; Phœnixville, $2400 to $2500; Pottsville, $2800 to $2900; Ridley Park, $1100 to $1200; Dunlo, $1000 to fourth class; Falls Creek, $1400 to $1300; Kutztown, $1500 to $1600; Lilly, $1100 to $1000; Lititz, $1600 to $1700; Malvern, $1900 to $1500; Martinsburg, $1100 to $1300; Mechanicsburg, $2100 to $2200; Meyersdale, $1900 to $2000; Millersville, $1200 to $1300; Montgomery, $1600 to $1700; Mount Carmel, $2100 to $2300; Nazareth, $1700 to $1800; New Salem, $1300 to $1200; Northampton, $1400 to $1500; Ogontz, $1700 to $1600; Palmyra, $1500 to $1400; Pen Argyl, $1600 to $1700; Phillipsburg, $2400 to $2300; Pine grove, $1100 to $1200; Redlion, $1200 to $1400.

The Jones and Laughlin Steel Company, through the Vesta Coal Company, a subsidiary concern, has purchased 10,000 acres of Washington county coal land at an approximate cost of $3,000,000. This land adjoins 500 acres already owned by the steel company and renders it independent in the matter of coal supply for the next fifty years.

A deal has been completed for 5000 acres of coal land in Morris Township, Washington county, at $75 an acre. G. W. Guthrie, of Indiana, was the purchaser. He represents Philadelphians closely affiliated with the Pennsylvania Railroad.

According to a decision furnished to State Highway Commissioner Hunter by Deputy Attorney General Fleitz, the good roads law of 1905 displaces the road law of 1903, and must be the Commissioner's guide. All money apportioned to counties that was not drawn by them for good road purposes in the past two years, in Mr. Fleitz's opinion, reverted to the State Treasury.

Mrs. Blanche E. Nourse, a prisoner in the county jail at Norristown, where she is awaiting trial on the charge of setting fire to the barn of Dr. Thomas S. Lippincott, in Lower Pottsgrove Township, last April, instituted civil suit against Dr. Lippincott for alleged breach of promise to marry. She claims $1000 damages.

John Parker, white, and John Waters, negro, were arrested charged with attempting to murder Policeman Lawrence Speidel in Feagleyville, a suburb of Lancaster. Speidel, who had been breaking up lawless gangs, was covering his beat when he was startled by a volley of revolver shots. His helmet was shattered by the bullets, several of which grazed his head and body.

The ninth annual commencement of the Homeopathic Training School for Nurses took place in the Academy of Music, Reading. The graduates are Miss Adelene L. Dautrich, of Reading, and Miss Margaret L. Wright, of Clover Creek, Va. The address was delivered by Prof. John E. James, of Philadelphia.

Constable Michael O'Leary, of Shamokin, took an appeal from Judge C. R. Savidge's decision that constables are entitled only to 5 cents mileage fees while serving court subpoenas. O'Leary claims 10 cents. Other constables are backing O'Leary.

By pouring kerosene on the kitchen fire a son of Joseph Mitchell, of Pottsville, caused a blaze which destroyed the dwelling.

As Paul Biscup tried to board a train in Pottsville his coat was caught on a guard rail and he missed his footing. He fell beneath the wheels and was killed.

The Reading Board of Trade passed resolutions demanding that City Councils levy an extra tax of one mill for the purpose of completing the house sewage system of that city. The board also decided to ask the next Grand Jury to take up the matter of moving the county jail from the city park to the county farm.

A gas explosion occurred at the home of Mrs. Ella Stauffer, in Reading, and her 16-year-old daughter and W. H. Adams, who lives with the family, were injured. The Stauffers recently moved into the house and when an attempt was made to start a fire in the gas stove the explosion ensued. A side of the house was blown out.

Dr. G. L. M'Leod and Dr. J. N. Mitchell, of Philadelphia, of the State Board of Lunacy, inspected the Schuylkill Almshouse buildings and complained of the cramped condition of the quarters for the insane.

John F. Beck, the motorman, who was injured in the collision of a Pottsville trolley car and a Philadelphia & Reading coal train on a grade crossing at Mill Creek, died from his injuries. All of the seven injured passengers are out of danger.

The annual report of Berks County School Superintendent Rapp to the State Department of Public Instruction contains a plea for wider educational facilities for the farmer and his children, and indorses the study of gardening, domestic science and the mechanic arts in the township high schools.

Joseph Handler, an oiler, employed at the plant of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company, Allentown, was crushed to death between a large cog wheel and the concrete pit in which the wheel runs.

The office buildings of the Cresson & Clearfield Railroad, at Cresson, were sold by Sheriff Lenhart, of Cambria County, for debt. About a year ago Peter Wargo was killed on the railroad at Cresson. His widow brought suit for damages and the jury awarded her $2652. The company refused to pay and the Sheriff then sold the buildings. The company's attorney bought them.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Improvement is reported in retail trade, although weather conditions are still far from ideal, and excessive rain retards agricultural progress sufficiently to cause conservatism among dealers, yet confidence in the future is the prevailing sentiment, and leading drygoods jobbers are unanimous in anticipating a large fall trade. Manufacturing plants are busy, especially in heavy steel lines, except where usual repairs are being made or seasonable closing is necessitated. Shoe factories find difficulty in starting work on fall footwear, owing to numerous supplementary spring orders, and there is little idle machinery in textile lines, which feel the impetus of advancing raw materials.

Building operations make favorable comparisons with recent years, and there is little controversy regarding wages or hours of labor.

In the iron and steel industry there is great activity on old orders and general confidence in a vigorous demand during the second half of the year, but current buying is extremely light, except in a few departments. Hence, the mills and furnaces are more active than the markets just now, which explains the apparent contradiction of reports.

Failures this week numbered 211 in the United States, against 226 last year, and 19 in Canada, compared with 17 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ended May 25 are 1,221,208 bushels, against 1,512,550 bushels last week, 1,132,157 bushels this week last year, 4,677,678 bushels in 1903 and 3,900,645 bushels in 1902. Corn exports for the week are 1,325,467 bushels, against 1,688,299 bushels last week, 233,695 a year ago, 1,179,739 bushels in 1903 and 71,478 bushels in 1902.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 8,023 barrels.

WHEAT—Firmer; spot contract, 1.07½@1.07¾; spot No. 2 red Western, 1.08@1.08¼; May, 1.07½@1.07¾; July, 88½ asked; August, 86½ asked; September, 87 asked; steamer No. 2 red, 1.00@1.00¼; receipts, 1,560 bushels; Southern, by sample, 93@1.07; Southern, on grade, 97½@1.07½.

CORN—Steady; spot, 56@56¼; July, 55@55¼; steamer mixed, 51 asked; receipts, 20,502 bushels; exports, 750 bushels; Southern white corn, 52@56½; Southern yellow corn, 52@56½.

OATS—Firm; No. 2 white, 36@36½; No. 2 mixed, 34¼@34½; receipts, 9,578 bushels; exports, 80 bushels.

RYE—Dull (uptown); No. 2 Western, 83.

HAY—Easier; No. 1 timothy, 14.00 asked; No. 1 clover mixed, 11.00@11.50.

BUTTER—Steady and unchanged; fancy imitation, 19@20; fancy creamery, 22@23; fancy ladle, 17@18; store packed, 16@17.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged; 16½

CHEESE—Easy and unchanged; large, 11½; medium, 11¾; small, 12.

SUGAR—Steady and unchanged; coarse granulated, 5.90; fine, 5.90.

New York.—BUTTER—Easier; receipts, 5,936. Street price, extra creamery, 22@22¼; official prices, creamery, common to extra, 20@22; State dairy, common to extra, 18@21½.

CHEESE—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 3,595.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 18,022.

POULTRY—Alive, firm; Western spring chickens, 30@33; fowls, 15; old turkeys, 12; dressed, firm; Western broilers, 30@35; fowls, 10@14; turkeys, 13@17.

WHEAT—Receipts, 38,000 bushels; sales, 5,100,000 bushels. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 1.10½ nominal; elevator; No. 2 red, 1.11½ nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 1.13½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 1.02 f. o. b. afloat. A strong early advance in the market, impelled by heavy rains in Kansas, good outside support, and low Northwest temperature, was replaced later by sharp reactions.

CORN—Receipts, 33,325 bushels; sales, 10,000 bushels. Spot firm; No. 2, 59½ nominal elevator and 58 nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 59; No. 2 white, 60. Option market was quiet in New York and firm early, followed by reactions, closing ¼@½c. net higher.

OATS—Receipts, 54,000 bushels. Spot steady. Mixed oats, 26 to 32 pounds, 35@35½; natural white, 30 to 32 pounds, 36½@37½; clipped white, 36 to 40 pounds, 37@40.

POTATOES—Steady; Southern Rose, 2.00@2.75; State and Western 75@1.00; Jersey sweets, 2.50@4.00.

PEANUTS—Steady; fancy handpicked, 5¼@5½; other domestic, 3¼@5½.

CABBAGES—Easy; Charleston, per barrel crate, 50@1.00.

Live Stock.

New York.—CALVES—Receipts, 243; feeling steady. Veals, 4.00@6.25; tops, 6.50; buttermilks, 3.75; grassers, 3.00; mixed calves, 5.25; dressed calves steady; city dressed veals, 10c. per pound; country dressed, 6@9c.

SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts 1,476; market steady. Sheep, 3.50@5.10; choice wethers, $5.25@5.40; yearlings, 6.25@6.55; no sales of lambs.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,208; nominally weak.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Receipts, 7,000; market steady. Good to prime steers, 5.60@6.50; poor to medium, 4.00@5.50; stockers and feeders, 2.75@5.15; cows, 2.60@4.75; heifers, 2.60@5.20; canners, 1.50@2.40; bulls, 2.50@4.75; calves, 3.00@6.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 30,000; market 5c. lower. Mixed and butchers, 5.20@5.50; good to choice heavy, 5.40@5.50; rough heavy, 5.15@5.35; light, 5.25@5.50; bulk of sales, 5.25@5.40.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

The pay of the London police force amounts to over $7,000,000 a year.

The railways now existing or under construction in China aggregate 2,235 miles.

In the capital of New Zealand one-third of a workman's or a clerk's income goes to the landlord for rent.

The Burmese mile, which is equal to two English miles, is described by a word meaning "to sit," being a distance that a man walks before he considers it necessary to sit down.

GOVERNMENT LIGHT.

HISTORIC CHICKAMAUGA PARK ABLAZE WITH ILLUMINATION.

United States System of Lighting Military Post Pronounced Gratifyingly Successful—Six and One-Half Miles of Mains—Sixty-Five Street Lights.

Chickamauga Park, Ga., May 31.—The United States Government has here in operation one of the largest acetylene gas plants in the world. The military post at the entrance of the historical Chickamauga battlefield, where thirty thousand Union and Confederate soldiers were lost in the memorable battle of September 19 and 20, 1863, contains about one hundred buildings, the seventy-five principal ones of which are lighted with acetylene. To accomplish this six and one-half miles of mains and two miles of service pipes are in use, while sixty-five street lamps brilliantly illuminate the avenues of the post.

In 1903 the War Department installed a test acetylene plant at Fort Meyer, Virginia. The results were so gratifying and the superiority of the illuminant so evident that the Government, March 20, 1904, placed the contract for the Chickamauga plant, in which every citizen of the United States should have his pro rata of pride.

But the Government has not confined its acceptance of acetylene to this military post. Since becoming satisfied of the efficiency, superiority and economical advantages of this particular illuminant, the United States has installed a number of plants in Indian schools and other Government institutions.

Acetylene gas is one of the simplest as well as the most perfect of artificial lights. It is made by the contact of water and carbide in manufactured product for sale at a nominal price), is absolutely safe and gives a beautiful white light soothing to the eyes and nerves. It can be produced anywhere—in the farm home, the village store, the town hall, the church—and is so easily maintained as to be practical for all classes.

It is a matter for national congratulation that in beautifying so historic a spot as Chickamauga, nothing but the best, including the lighting system, has been deemed good enough for the American people.

Numbering the Hairs.

The number of individual hairs that cover the human scalp is greatly a matter of speculation; but it is supposed to vary according to the thickness and color of the hair. A well-known authority estimates that red-haired people possess the fewest, and places the average number at thirty thousand. Black-haired persons, on the other hand, are said to run into one hundred thousand; while the fair-haired have the largest number of all—namely, one hundred and fifty-thousand. These figures should form a valuable index to those people whose hair is on the down grade. An excessive falling off could be reckoned at from 100 upwards, and by counting the number of hairs they lose each day some idea might be formed as to how long they are likely to be before they are overtaken with total baldness. Hairs which fall out, however, are not always a "total loss." They often grow again from the root.—Montreal Herald.

She'd Rather Loop the Loop.

"My daughter got me to loop-the-loop at the park last summer—once," said the woman with the vinegar-visage as she stepped from the main elevator of a big office building, according to the Kansas City Journal, "but that's a baby's swing to this when it comes to mixing one's vital organs.

"The trouble is that the elevator boy changes his mind oftener than a woman. I never came down yet that he didn't decide on a different speed in transit. When he did that quick stop at the fourth floor just now I simply telescoped inside. My heart's in my mouth yet, and I can't locate my stomach. No; no luncheon for me until I get over this scrambled feeling."

FEED YOU MONEY

Feed Your Brain, and It Will Feed You Money and Fame.

"Ever since boyhood I have been especially fond of meats, and I am convinced I ate too rapidly, and failed to masticate my food properly.

"The result was that I found myself, a few years ago, afflicted with ailments of the stomach and kidneys, which interfered seriously with my business.

"At last I took the advice of friends and began to eat Grape-Nuts instead of the heavy meats, etc., that had constituted my former diet.

"I found that I was at once benefited by the change, that I was soon relieved from the heart-burn and the indigestion that used to follow my meals, that the pains in my back from my kidney affection had ceased, showing that those organs had been healed, and that my nerves, which used to be unsteady, and my brain, which was slow and lethargic from a heavy diet of meats and greasy foods, had, not in a moment, but gradually, and none the less surely, been restored to normal efficiency. Now every nerve is steady and my brain and thinking faculties are quicker and more acute than for years past.

"After my old style breakfasts I used to suffer during the forenoon from a feeling of weakness which hindered me seriously in my work, but since I have begun to use Grape-Nuts food I can work till dinner time with all ease and comfort." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

GOOD LUCK

Free Premiums

To further introduce Good Luck Baking Powder, we are offering valuable premiums **free** to all users. On the label of every can will be found a coupon. Cut out these coupons and save them. The little gift book inside each can illustrates the many articles and tells how to get them **free.** Besides these valuable premiums, you get a superior baking powder and it costs you but 10c per pound can.

GOOD LUCK Baking Powder

possesses excellent leavening qualities. It is powerful in generating gas, therefore makes exceedingly light bakings. Its positive purity assures you of good baking results. Through these superior qualities Good Luck Baking powder has reached the largest sale of any baking powder in the world. Carloads and trainloads are shipped to all sections of the country. This tremendous sale makes it possible for us to sell it at the little price of 10c per pound can. Insist upon having Good Luck Baking Powder and get a superior article at a moderate price.

THE SOUTHERN MFG. CO.
Richmond, Va.

BAKING POWDER

The Bulgarian Minister of Public Instruction has prohibited the wearing of corsets by the pupils in the girl's schools of the principality. The penalty is expulsion from school.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Charity covers a multitude of sins, but it doesn't remove them.

F. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Cadets at West Point and Annapolis are to be taught jiu-jitsu.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Spain's greatest bull-fighter has married an heiress and retired.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, S., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Kyrle Bellew says actors are born and not made.

ULCERS FOR THIRTY YEARS

Painful Eruptions From Knees to Feet Seemed Incurable—Cuticura Ends Misery.

Another of those remarkable cures by Cuticura, after doctors and all else had failed, is testified to by Mr. M. C. Moss, of Gainsville, Texas, in the following letter: "For over thirty years I suffered from painful ulcers and an eruption from my knees to feet, and could find neither doctors nor medicine to help me, until I used Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, which cured me in six months. They helped me the very first time I used them, and I am glad to write this so that others suffering as I did may be saved from misery."

A full-grown elephant can carry three tons on its back.

INTERESTING LETTER

WRITTEN BY A NOTABLE WOMAN

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg of Denver, Color Bearer of the Woman's Relief Corps, Sends Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg

The following letter was written by Mrs. Kellogg, of 1628 Lincoln Ave., Denver, Colo., to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—"For five years I was troubled with a tumor, which kept growing, causing me intense agony and great mental depression. I was unable to attend to my house work, and life became a burden to me. I was confined for days to my bed, lost my appetite, my courage and all hope.

"I could not bear to think of an operation, and in my distress I tried every remedy which I thought would be of any use to me, and reading of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to sick women decided to give it a trial. I felt so discouraged that I had little hope of recovery, and when I began to feel better, after the second week, thought it only meant temporary relief; but to my great surprise I found that I kept gaining, while the tumor lessened in size.

"The Compound continued to build up my general health and the tumor seemed to be absorbed, until, in seven months, the tumor was entirely gone and I a well woman. I am so thankful for my recovery that I ask you to publish my letter in newspapers, so other women may know of the wonderful curative powers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such trouble.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Health is too valuable to risk in experiments with unknown and untried medicines or methods of treatment. Remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality **for over a quarter of a century** has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE,

The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a **positive proof** that **LION COFFEE** has the

Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 503

Youthful Financiers.

Two budding Rockefellers have been unearthed by the police in the north of Europe. These worthies, aged 12 and 14, have in a single day made 9,000 per cent on the capital of a penny. Obtaining entrance with this sum to a lavatory, Number One removed his nether garments. These were pawned by Number Two for a florin (50 cents). With the capital thus brought into the business he bought a watch on the installment system. A loan of 10 shillings ($2.50) was now floated with the aid of the watch at a second pawnbroker's. He returned to pawnbroker A and took "out" the trousers which were then resumed by Financier One—and the two divided between them the 8 shillings ($2) minus the working expenses, friction on boot leathers, etc. Allowing for Sundays and short holidays for the directors on the Riveria, the company's annual profits at this rate would be nearly 3,000,000 per cent.

Large Sum for Blank Page.

A thousand dollars seems to be a pretty big sum to pay for a blank page. But that is what one fetched at a London auction room the other day. Or, to be strictly accurate, one should say that its presence in an old book increased the volume's selling price just that much. The book in question was a first edition of the "Countess of Pembroke's Arcadia," written by "Sir Phillipe Sidnee" and printed in 1590. Only three other copies are known to be in existence, and none of them has ever fetched more than $1,250. But this particular specimen contained an extra blank page appended to the dedication, which rendered it unique. Presumably for that reason it was run up to $2,250—just $1,000 more than was ever paid for any of the copies that lack the virginal sheet of paper. It is one of the strangest freaks of bibliomania on record.

TRADE MARK

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

IS A CERTAIN CURE FOR

Dyspepsia
Sick Headache
Constipation...

Stimulates the Liver, cures Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Irregularities of the Bowels.

A NATURAL product, prepared by concentration; a genuine natural water.

Crab Orchard Water Co.,
Louisville, Ky.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. B. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran — Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Union, evening.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, Children's service, morning, regular service, evening.

Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Boalsburg Reformed — Boalsburg, morning; Houserville, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

Saturday, June 10—One mile east of Colyer, by Mrs. Elmira Moyer; one horse, two cows, implements, household goods, stoves, lot of good harness, etc, etc.

The Primary in the Borough.

The primary election in the borough was attended by about fifty voters. There was little or no excitement, nor electioneering. The result of the balloting was as follows:

Treasurer—White.
Commissioners—Gramley.
Weaver.
Register—Jackson.
Auditor—Swabb.

G. A. R. Encampment.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the Annual Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, at Reading June 5 to 10, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Reading from all stations on its lines in the State of Pennsylvania, on June 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, good to return until June 12, inclusive, at reduced rates. For specific rates, apply to local ticket agents.

Grange Program.

Following is the program for the meeting of Progress Grange, Saturday, June 10th:

Are there any recent laws passed by our legislature that will directly effect the farmer?—Hon. Leonard Rhone.

Select reading by Miss Anna Bible.

How to plant a young orchard, and what time of the year is the best?—J. J. Arney.

Your process of cultivating corn, from beginning to finish.—John A. Heckman.

How to keep moth from destroying woolens during the summer months.—Mrs. Maggie S. Rhone, Mrs. Mary A. Snyder, Mrs. Maria Poorman.

Mifflin Republicans Nominate

The license question in Mifflin county caused great interest to be taken in the nomination of a candidate for associate judge. There were seven candidates for the office. The following ticket was nominated:

Associate Judge—Forrest Swyers, of Derry township.

Sheriff—A. C. Kemberling of Lewistown.

Coroner—Emerson Potter, of Lewistown.

Treasurer—Mitchell Bricker, of Lewistown.

County Commissioners—Sam'l Dell, of Derry township and James Close, of Armagh township.

Rebersburg.

Vin Morris is paying a short visit to his parents.

Henry Gilbert, of Aaronsburg, was seen in town last week.

Mrs. Carrie Wood and son, of Scottdale, are at present visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Jacob Bower, of Coburn, spent several days with his daughter, Mrs. Scott Stover.

Quite a number of people of this place attended the convention at Millheim last week.

Mrs. Alice Stover, of Aaronsburg, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Noah Corman.

The Children's Day service which was held at this place on Sunday evening was well attended.

Tuesday evening, June 13th, the I. O. O. F. Lodge will decorate the grave of Cornelius Stover at this place. Everybody is invited to attend.

Potters Mills.

Children's day will be observed a Sprucetown Sunday. The entertainment promises to be a good one, and all are invited. Service to begin at 10 o'clock.

A number from here attended the Children's day exercises at Tusseyville Sunday evening.

Miss Laura Stover, of Reedsville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Wolf, a few weeks.

Michael Smith is home from Spring Mills for a few days. He has been helping his brothers during the rush in delivering furniture.

Mr. and Mrs. Geiss Wagner and little daughter Mary, called on Mrs. H. S. Alexander, Friday.

All are pleased to see Daddy Auman out again, after having been so ill.

Dr. H. S. Alexander is kept quite busy with his practice.

Reuben Colyer is home for a few days from Bellefonte, where he has been instructing a band.

Jacob Sharer and family visited at the home of James Durst.

Mrs. Fredericks, of Spring Mills, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Armstrong.

James Armstrong is quite ill.

THE HOTEL BREAKFAST.

How the American Meal Appears to an Englishman.

The American hotel breakfast is representative of the general delight in good living. The length of the menu and the variety of the dishes bespeak an appetite that in the early morning can relish a meal little less substantial than a dinner.

The hotel breakfast begins with fruit—grape fruit if it happens to be in season, the bitter sweetness of which seems designated by nature to awaken the appetite. And there is really a bewildering problem when next you are asked to choose among the cereals—from the old fashioned oatmeal to all kinds of predigested preparations. Cooked oysters in every style are offered on the menu, and even in the best restaurants a plate of oysters costs only a shilling. The choice of fish can be made from a long list—of kinds unknown in England, including weakfish, bluefish and shad, with its delicate roe. It must be out of compliment to English travelers that herring and haddock are imported. You see them very seldom on an American breakfast table.

When boiled eggs are eaten they are opened by the waiter into a glass, no small quantity of butter being added—salt butter, for "sweet" butter is seldom served. With chops or steak the American, who never eats cold meats at breakfast, usually orders potatoes, and the meal may be brought to a close with pancakes. These hot cakes, which are made of wheat, buckwheat, rice or cornmeal, are eaten smothered in maple sirup, a delicious treacle obtained from the sap of maple trees.

The American drinks coffee for breakfast—such a coffee as you may find in Paris, but not in London—and that he does not prefer tea would need no other explanation than the failure to understand the art of making it.—London Mail.

THE FIRST PIE PLATES.

They Were Made by the German Potters of Philadelphia.

The first pie plates were made early in the eighteenth century by the German potters who settled in Philadelphia.

After the clay was prepared it was cut into small pieces by means of a brass wire and taken to the workbench to be made into plates.

The clay was roughly beaten into a flattened form looking like a colossal buckwheat cake. This was rolled out into a thin sheet with a roller much like a rolling pin, and then a disk cutter was used to cut it into circular pieces of the required diameter. This bat, as it was called, was then laid on a board until partly dry and was then decorated.

The slip decoration was applied by means of a slip cup, an earthen vessel with goose quills inserted into the openings, through which the liquid slip was made to trickle over the ware in a variety of patterns, just as icing is applied to cake at the present time. The slip mixture was of a creamy color made of white clay and water.

Favorite motives for decorations were flowers, fruits and scenes, tulips being a special pet.

A Lutheran minister asked his potter to dine with him to discuss designs for a set of plates he wished to order. As the potter was accustomed to dine at 12, he was almost famished when the clergyman's 2 o'clock dinner was served. When the set of plates came home, each with a pious sentiment interwoven among the marginal decorations, the minister laughed to find an extra plate, bearing this inscription: "I have never been at a place where they dine so late." So much for Pennsylvania-German humor.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Rebellious Actor.

Frederick Lemaitre, the French actor, was playing Robert Macaire in a town of France where two soldiers of the garrison represented the policemen who had to arrest him. In the spirit of his part he gave one of them a vigorous kick. "Ha, we must see to this!" cried the infuriated soldier and promptly knocked Lemaitre into the orchestra. At this there was a terrific din, and the soldiers began to see that the vindication of his uniform was not popular. But Lemaitre, when he regained the stage, took the gendarme by the hand and said: "Excellently well done, my friend. The uniform must be respected even in the theater. Come to lunch with me tomorrow and bring your comrade."

Hats, Boots and Hearts.

Mrs. Nolan had made some disparaging remarks about the costume of her husband's bosom friend, Mr. Herlihy, and they were promptly resented.

"His hat is turning green wid age,' is it?" said Mr. Nolan, with fine scorn, "and his boots is rusty and cracked lookin',' did I hear ye say? Listen now to me, Mary Nolan. If ivery man's hat an' boots covered as warrm a heartt as Phelim Herlihy's there'd be more proud wimmin in the worrld!"

Good Training.

Miss Sightseer (in Egypt)—Mr. Newrich, you scale up these rocks as if you'd been climbing pyramids all your life! Were you bred in the mountains? Mr. Newrich—Oh, no; but I carried a hod up a two story ladder for a good many years before I struck oil.—Detroit Free Press.

The Retort Caustic.

Mrs Sapleigh—I spent last evening in the company of the one I love best in all the world. Miss Bert—Indeed! And weren't you tired of being alone?—Illustrated Bits.

In the reign of George III. hats were taxed. The least tax was threepence. Those above 12 shillings in value paid a tax of 2 shillings.

Advertise.

TOUR TO THE WEST

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Convention American Medical Association.

On account of the convention of the American Medical Association, to be held in Portland, Ore., July 11 to 14, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run a personally-conducted tour, visiting the beautiful resorts in the Canadian Rockies, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland, allowing four days in the latter city for attending the sessions of the convention and for visiting the Lewis and Clark Exposition, and five and one-half days in the Yellowstone Park, a full and complete tour of that wonderland. Tickets covering every necessary expense enroute, except hotel accommodations in Portland, will be sold at the very low rate of $215 from all stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad, except Pittsburgh, from which the rate will be $210. A special train of high-grade Pullman equipment will leave New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, Monday, July 3. The route will be via Chicago and St. Paul to Banff Hot Springs, Laggan and Glacier, in the Canadian Rockies, thence to the Pacific Coast. Returning the route will lie through the States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, and Montana, to Yellowstone Park, and thence via Billings and Omaha to Chicago, reaching New York on July 26 For further information consult Pennsylvania Railroad ticket agents. A descriptive itinerary will be sent on application to Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

Potter School Board Reorganizes.

The auditors of Potter township met the school board of that district, in Centre Hall, to audit the school account.

The school board organized by electing W. R. Neff, president; D. K. Keller, secretary; P. B. Jordan, treasurer. The other directors are A. F. Heckman, W. W. McCormick, John H. Heckman.

Harvey Musser, John B. Fortney, George H. Emerick constitute the board of audit.

DEATHS.

JACOB D. WAGNER.

Jacob D. Wagner, Jr. died in Bellefonte, Tuesday of last week after an illness of several weeks.

He was the son of Jacob D. Wagner Sr., in his time a well-to-do citizen of Bellefonte and was born in that place March 16, 1855. The family finally moved to Rock Forge where the deceased grew to manhood and spent the greater portion of his life. He was a miller by trade and followed that occupation up to the time of his final illness. Five years ago he went to Bellefonte and has resided there ever since.

December 29th, 1882, he was married to Miss Catherine Fortney, of Boalsburg, who survives him, with the following children: Chas. W., of Altoona; Mardie, George, Jacob, Ruth Ida, Nevin J., Curtis Albert, Franklin Emery, Susan Catherine.

He also leaves two brothers and three sisters as follows: Adam of Bellefonte; David Y., Mrs. George Scholl, Mrs. Salina Houser, of Houserville, and Mrs. James Waddle, of Lock Haven.

MRS. R. B. SPANGLER.

The following is taken from the Altoona Tribune of Friday:

At 9.35 o'clock Thursday evening Mrs. Mary Spangler, wife of Reuben B. Spangler, one of the highly respected residents of Spangler, died at her home at that place, of paralysis, after a brief illness. The deceased was born at Bellefonte, and was aged forty-three years. She was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church and was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends, not alone in Spangler, but in Bellefonte, Centre Hall and other towns in the vicinity. She is survived by her husband; one sister, Mrs. R. A. Hoover, of Philadelphia, and two brothers, George and Frank Downing, of Bellefonte. The remains were taken to Altoona Saturday morning and interred in the Oak Ridge cemetery.

MRS. MARY BEHERS.

Mrs. Mary Behers, widow of George Behers, died at her home near Houserville after a short illness from paralysis. She was born in Germany eighty years ago and came to this country when quite young. She resided in the Buffalo Run Valley almost all her life, having moved to Houseville but a short time ago. She was the mother of a large family. Interment at Pine Hall.

MRS. SUSAN STROHECKER.

Mrs. Susan Strohecker, widow of Col. R. H. Strohecker, died of diseases incident to old age at the home of her only son, Samuel Strohecker, in Miles township, aged eighty-six years and eleven months. Funeral services were held Friday forenoon at Rebersburg, Rev. H. C. Bixler, officiating.

MRS. AUGUSTUS HUEY.

Savilla, the wife of Augustus Huey, died at Vintondale, Cambria county, and the remains were brought to Millheim for interment. She was formerly a resident of Millheim.

Spring Mills.

From last week.

The Evangelical church, on the hill, is being repainted.

James McCool and family, of Rebersburg, spent Memorial Day in town.

Miss Renna Shires is teaching a class of ten in instrumental music.

Chas. Bolby, representing the Lawrence Organ Co., Easton, spent a few days as the guest of C. E. Zeigler.

Those who attended the Sabbath-school convention at Millheim are T. M. Gramley, Mrs. R. G. Kennelly, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Royer, Misses Annie Corman and Carrie Gentzel.

John Dunlap, of Bellefonte, was in town last week.

G. N. Wolf last week went to Ohio where he is employed by Long Bros.

Miss Maggie Grenoble, of Yeagertown, was visiting friends in town over Sunday.

The Lutheran Sundsy school will hold a children's service Sunday evening, 18th inst.

Mrs. C. M. Gramley, of Rebersburg, visited at the home of C. E. Zeigler Saturday.

Rev. E. Crumbling, P. E., of the U. Evangelical church, of Lewisburg, was in town Friday.

Jacob Ertle, of Milesburg, was a guest at the home of George Gentzel a few days last week.

Mrs. Geo. W. Ocker and daughter Miss Estie, of Lewisburg, visited Geo. Gentzel and family Saturday.

James N. Leitzell Tuesday morning left for Belvidere, Ill., where he will spend some time with his brother, Dr. J. B. Leitzell.

Francis Gramley, an old and respected citizen north of town, died Saturday morning, from diseases incident to old age. Interment was made Tuesday morning at Green Grove cemetery. Rev. M. J. Snyder, of the U. Evangelical church, officiated.

Linden Hall.

From last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Brooks were guests at the home of Joseph Brooks on Memorial Day.

Mrs. William Sellers, of Pittsburg, is assisting in caring for her father-in-law, the venerable William Sellers, whose health is failing rapidly, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Agnes Meyers.

Miss Gertrude Homan is home from Philadelphia for her summer vacation. She is a nurse in the Medico-Chirurgical hospital.

Mrs. Philip Bradford and children visited her father's family, at Tusseyville.

Mrs. Gertie Hoy and Mrs. Hoffman, of Zion, spent a few days with Mrs. Keller. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Miller, of Rebersburg, also were guests at the same place.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wagner, of Altoona, are visiting Mrs. Wagner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Durst.

The sad news of the sudden death of Miss Marie McKeldin at the home of George Wieland, in Chatanooga, Tenn., reached here Tuesday. Miss McKeldin, in company with Mrs. Winsor, spent last summer here.

Why not advertise in the Reporter.

Just What Everyone Should Do.

Mr. J. T. Barber of Irwinville, Ga., always keeps a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand ready for instant use. Attacks of colic, cholera morbus and diarrhoea come on so suddenly that there is no time to hunt for a doctor or go to the store for medicine. Mr. Barber says: "I have tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which is one of the best medicines I ever saw. I keep a bottle of it in my room as I have had several attacks of colic and it has proved to be the best medicine I ever used." Sold by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Pottters Mills.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of David Glasgow, late of Haines twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. D. S. GLASGOW, Administrator,
June 1, 1905 Tusseyville, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Mary Waugh, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
JAS. P. GROVE, Administrator,
W. Harrison Walker, Spring Mills, Pa.
Attorney, Bellefonte.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Eggs for hatching, S. C. White Leghorn, Blanchard strain.
o. 23 W. O. GRAMLEY, Spring Mills.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale a house and lot, on Main street, Centre Hall. The house is two story, and well located.
For further particulars call on W. B. Mingle, Centre Hall.
(o. 22) D. OLIE STOVER,
Berea, Ohio.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to
H. D. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Lewisburg & Tyrone Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 268, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa., on Monday, May 1st, 1905, at 12.30 o'clock p. m., for the election of President and six Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
JAMES R. McCLURE, Secretary.
Room 246 General Office, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

....The Reporter's Advertisement...

LADIES' STATIONERY

A fine line of Ladies' Stationery, in boxes, at remarkably low figures. You will find all grades, and quality.

LARGE ENVELOPES

All sizes of Envelopes, for business men, from the ordinary 6-inch to 12-inch.

WRITING FLUID

The best Writing Fluid to be had. Suitable for use in fountain pens. Sold in any quantity.

WRITING TABLETS

Penny and Nickle Writing Tablets, ruled and unruled. Also, Packet Note Paper, Letter Paper, in Linen, Bond and Flat, the best to be had. 500 sheets to pack or box. This is the cheapest way to buy paper.

NOVELTIES IN JAPANESE PAPERS, including Crepe Papers in all colors.

TO THE FRONT IN BATTLE!!

7-Piece Oak Chamber Suit - - - - $17.50
Side Boards - - - - - - - - - $8.25
Same, Quartered Oak and Polished $22.50
Fair Mattresses - - - - - - - $2.50
Rockers—all Shapes and Prices - - $1.25
To the Oak and Polished Rockers - - $6.75
Iron Beds and Springs, complete - - $4.00

Largest Stock Wall Paper in Penns Valley

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
Embalming Services Free.
SPRING MILLS.

THE BEST SHOES

NEW ARRIVALS

Everything New in . . . .

STETONS
WALK OVERS
DOROTHY DODD

And a complete stock of Good Shoe Things for Spring and Summer. Shoes and Slippers for the whole family. Good bargains always on hand.

YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE SHOE MONEY - SAVERS

YEAGER & DAVIS

An Earthquake Shock
IN PRICES.

As an Earthquake shakes and destroys a structure, so our prices shake and cover up those of our Competitors.

The Summer Season is here and everyone is happy and those who have Furniture to buy will be made happier if they buy it at . . . . .

CENTRE HALL Furniture Store

Elegant Couches, Mattresses, Side Boards, Chamber Suits, Writing Desks, Etc., at reduced prices.

EYE-OPENERS IN RUGS.

Rearick Bros. Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors . . .
CENTRE HALL